

Pacific Ship Repair & Fabrication, Inc.
SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SUBCONTRACTS
Under Contract N00024-18-D-4329
LCS Sustainment

May 28, 2019

PRIME CONTRACT CLAUSES

The following clauses are flowed down from Buyer to Seller pursuant to the requirements of Buyer's Prime Contract with the Government. In addition to any Purchase Order General Terms and Conditions, they shall be incorporated into any agreement between Buyer and Seller when referenced on the Purchase Order.

In interpreting the requirements of these clauses, "Contracting Officer" or "COR" should be considered to be Buyer's Procurement Representative and "Government" should be considered to be Buyer, unless the context indicates otherwise. Please apply the following term conversions. "Contractor" shall mean Seller. The terms "Government" or "Contracting Officer" do not change: (i) when a right, act authorization or obligation can be granted or performed only by the Government, (ii) when access to proprietary financial information or other proprietary data is required, (iii) when title to property or rights in technical data and/or computer software are to be transferred directly to Government, (iv) with regards to a disputes or changes clause, or (v) with regards to a clause permitting audit(s) of Seller. Some clauses are included in full text, and others of the FAR and DFARS are hereby incorporated into this Contract by reference as if given in full text, subject to the following definitions, and subject to the particular limitations and modifications indicated. The full text of FAR and DFARS clauses may be accessed electronically at the following internet websites:

<https://www.acquisition.gov/far/>

<http://FARSITE.HILL.AF.MIL/Vfdfar1.htm>

SECTION A

1. **GOVERNMENT CONTRACT RATING.** U.S. NAVY CONTRACT: N4523A-18-D-1050, PRIORITY RATING: D0A3. The Prime Contract is a rated order certified for national defense, emergency preparedness, and energy program use, and the Contractor shall follow all the requirements of the Defense Priorities and Allocations System regulation (15 CFR 700). If applicable to subcontract Orders, the rating will be included on the face of the Order.
2. **NO WAIVER.** Nothing herein shall be construed as a waiver of Seller's obligation in regard to the risk of loss of the Contract Work or as a waiver of Buyer's right to require Seller to replace unsatisfactory materials, workmanship, software or services.
3. **PROPERTY CONTROL SYSTEM.** Seller is to maintain a Government property control system per NAVSEA Standard Item 009-20.
4. **4E SPECIFICATION.** Seller shall coordinate and execute Contract Work in accordance with 4E specification, drawings and documentation as provided by Buyer.
5. **REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS.** As of the time a Purchase Order is issued to Seller, Seller represents and warrants that: (i) upon request, Seller will submit to Buyer annual certifications and representations; (ii) Seller's certifications and representations provided are current, accurate and complete at the time of submittal; and (iii) Seller has not been debarred, suspended or proposed for debarment by the Government.
6. **PROPOSAL TURNAROUND TIMES.** Unless otherwise stated, proposals for New Work Items are to be turned around within 3 days of issue. Growth Work is due within 2 days.
7. **BASIS OF ESTIMATE.** All submitted proposals must be able to support your Basis of Estimate (BOE), and should be available to the Government if requested. This information should clearly include answers for: (i) What is being estimated (what, where, when and how); (ii) How is it being estimated; (iii) What empirical data was used to derive the estimate; and (iv) Why is the estimate reasonable?
8. **SITE CONDITIONS.** If the Purchase Order requires work to be performed aboard ship while located at a Government installation, Seller is urged and expected to inspect the site where Contract Work will be performed and to satisfy itself as to all general and local conditions, including security requirements that may affect the cost of performing the work, in the event such information is reasonably obtainable. In no event will the failure to inspect the site constitute grounds for a claim after award of the task order/contract against Buyer or the Government.

Section B – Supplies or Services

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ B-2-0016 PROVISIONING TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION – WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENT (NAVSEA) (SEP 1990)

(a) For the purpose of paragraph (c) of the "PROGRESS PAYMENTS" clause of this contract, if included, the requirement that the Contractor develop and deliver Provisioning Technical Documentation (PTD) is considered to be a "material requirement of this contract," and Contractor failure to make adequate progress in the development of PTD, or to deliver acceptable PTD on a timely basis, may result in reduction or suspension of Progress Payments as provided in said paragraph.

(b) The PTD is considered to be a part of the "Technical Data" specified to be delivered under this contract for the purposes of the "TECHNICAL DATA–WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENT" (DFARS 252.227-7030) clause. The terms and conditions of the clause entitled "LIMITATION ON WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENTS (FAR 52.232-9), if included in this contract, shall not apply to withholding of payment for failure to make timely delivery of the PTD or delivery of deficient PTD.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ B-2-0017 REFUNDS (SPARES AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT) (NAVSEA) (SEP 1990)

(a) In the event that the price of a spare part or item of support equipment delivered under this contract significantly exceeds its intrinsic value, the Contractor agrees to refund the difference. Refunds will only be made for the difference between the intrinsic value of the item at the time an agreement on price was reached and the contract price. Refunds will not be made to recoup the amount of cost decreases that occur over time due to productivity gains (beyond economic purchase quantity considerations) or changes in market conditions.

(b) For purposes of this requirement, the intrinsic value of an item is defined as follows:

(1) If the item is one which is sold or is substantially similar or functionally equivalent to one that is sold in substantial quantities to the general public, intrinsic value is the established catalog or market price, plus the value of any unique requirements, including delivery terms, inspection, packaging, or labeling.

(2) If there is no comparable item sold in substantial quantities to the general public, intrinsic value is defined as the price an individual would expect to pay for the item based upon an economic purchase quantity as defined in FAR 52.207-4, plus the value of any unique requirements, including delivery terms, inspection, packaging or labeling.

(c) At any time up to two years after delivery of a spare part or item of support equipment, the Contracting Officer may notify the Contractor that based on all information available at the time of the notice: the price of the part or item apparently exceeds its intrinsic value.

(d) If notified in accordance with paragraph (c) above, the Contractor agrees to enter into good faith negotiations with the Government to determine if, and in what amount, the Government is entitled to a refund.

(e) If agreement pursuant to paragraph (d) above cannot be reached, and the Navy's return of the new or unused item to the Contractor is practical, the Navy, subject to the Contractor's agreement, may elect to return the item to the Contractor. Upon return of the item to its original point of Government acceptance, the Contractor shall refund in full the price paid. If no agreement pursuant to paragraph (d) above is reached, and return of the item by the Navy is impractical, the Contracting Officer may, with the approval of the Head of the Contracting Activity, issue a Contracting Officer's final decision on the matter, subject to Contractor appeal as provided in the "DISPUTES" clause (FAR 52.233-1).

(f) The Contractor will make refunds, as required under this requirement, in accordance with instructions from

the Contracting Officer.

(g) The Contractor shall not be liable for a refund if the Contractor advised the Contracting Officer in a timely manner that the price it would propose for a spare part or item of support equipment exceeded its intrinsic value, and with such advice, specified the estimated proposed price, the estimated intrinsic value and known alternative sources or item, if any, that can meet the requirement.

(h) This requirement does not apply to any spare parts or items of support equipment whose price is determined through adequate price competition. This requirement also does not apply to any spare part or item of support equipment with a unit price in excess of \$100,000; or in excess of \$25,000 if the Contractor submitted, and certified the currency, accuracy and completeness of, cost or pricing data applicable to the item.

HQ B-2-0019 TRAVEL COSTS (NAVSEA) (MAY 1993)

(a) The Contractor shall not charge, and the Government shall not pay, as an allowable cost under this contract, any manhour costs (whether straight-time or overtime) for Contractor personnel or subcontractor personnel traveling to or from worksites, including travel to worksites other than the Contractor's facility for performance of contract work.

(b) Workers being paid under this contract, as prime contractor personnel or subcontractor personnel, will complete a full shift at the worksite, and no compensation will be paid for travel time before or after the shift.

(c) This requirement pertains only to payments for travel time before or after these workers' regular shifts, and does not apply to legitimate travel costs incurred during normal working hours, provided that those costs are otherwise reasonable, allocable and allowable. This requirement does not apply to manufacturer's representatives or Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) representatives when specifically required by the Government work specifications.

(d) Additionally, the Contractor shall not charge, and the Government shall not pay, any transportation costs under this contract associated with transporting Contractor or subcontractor personnel between the Contractor's facility (or subcontractor's facility), and any other worksite to perform Phased Maintenance Availabilities (PMAs)/Dry-docking Phased Maintenance Availabilities (DPMAs). Transportation costs include, but are not limited to, bus fare, car fare, train fare, or boat fare, paid by the work force, or paid by the Contractor on behalf of the work force.

Section C - Descriptions and Specifications

STATEMENT OF WORK

1.1 PURPOSE

The U.S. Navy must maintain and modernize its ships to meet current and future operational requirements. To that end, the Government intends to utilize this supply contract for the repair, maintenance and modernization requirements of Littoral Combat Ships (LCS) homeported in the San Diego, CA homeport. Accordingly, the primary place of performance is the San Diego, CA port where the Southwest Regional Maintenance Center (SWRMC) will administer the contract. However, work will also be accomplished in other states within the continental United States (CONUS) and outside continental United States (OCONUS) locations as specified on the delivery order (DO). OCONUS Delivery Orders will be administered by different Ordering Activities per Section H: Special Contract Requirements Fair Opportunity Process (Ordering Procedures).

1.2 DESCRIPTION

This Indefinite Delivery Indefinite Quantity Multiple Award Contract (IDIQ- MAC) vehicle for LCS Class ships shall encompass emergent, Commander Naval Operations (CNO) scheduled and continuous maintenance, modernization and repair efforts, planned maintenance, facilities maintenance and corrosion control, both CONUS AND OCONUS.

The Navy Modernization Program (NMP) is a CNO managed program to develop, plan, fund and accomplish ship changes and alterations in accordance with current policies. Modernization is executed in accordance with COMUSFLTFORCOMINST 4790.3 Joint Fleet Maintenance Manual (JFMM) Volume VI, Chapter 36 (Surface Ships/Aircraft Carriers) & SL720-AA-MAN-030 Navy Modernization Process Management and Operational Manual (NMP-MOM) and applies to all alterations to commissioned ships using the most current Revision at the time of DO issuance.

For LCS, modernization is any changes to the ship's configuration that comprises, but is not limited to:

- Addition of new technologies/systems introduced to the ship;
- Modification to existing ship system/configuration to increase dependability, reliability, maintainability, and lethality;
- Increases to the ability to defend the ship/battle groups/ally forces, US assets and interests through increased communication and detection;

Modernization efforts are not restricted to availability types. All efforts will be made to perform the modernization during CNO Availabilities. Modernization is not limited to hull mechanical and electrical (HM&E) changes; upgrades, changes, and improvements to systems (new or existing) from other SYSCOMs other than NAVSEA will be accomplished as necessary.

The Contractor shall coordinate with the Planning Yard (PY) for class design, specifications, material identification, and material ordering. This coordination shall include all material management issues such as obsolescence; and Command, Control, Communications, Computer, Combat Systems and Intelligence (C5I)/Software Support Activities' installations. The Contractor shall also coordinate with the Execution Planning (EP) Contractor for coordination of Long Lead Time Material (LLTM) and for any issues arising out of the work package development.

The Contractor shall submit CDRLs as directed in the individual delivery orders.

The Contractor, under the direction of SWRMC or other Ordering Activities but as an independent Contractor and not as an agent of the Government, shall furnish the labor, material, equipment, support and facilities necessary for the accomplishment of the work and material identified in each DO. Typical ship repair efforts include management, planning, engineering, quality control, shipboard/off ship production and component/system testing and trials.

1.1.1 NAVY SUPPLY/MATERIAL PROCUREMENT

The Contractor and its subcontractors shall use Department of Defense (DoD) Supply systems as the first source(s)

to identify and procure material. The prime contractor and subcontractors shall prepare and submit transactions to the DoD Supply System via Defense Logistics Agency Transaction Services(DLATS)/ Defense Automatic Addressing System (DAAS) in standard MILSTRIP/MILSTRAP format using Routing Identifier “NRP”. The preferred method of submission of material requisitions to the DoD Supply systems is via NAVSUP’s One Touch Support (OTS). The prime contractor and subcontractors shall determine if material supports the requisite timeframe(s) to successfully execute the performance of work, as defined in this contract, to meet cost and schedule goals.

The Contractor and subcontractors shall record all usage demand data including material procured outside the DoD supply system, during the period of performance of this contract CDRL A004/DI-MGMT-81806B. Submissions of the MILSTRAP DHA and BHJ documents for material procured outside the DoD supply system shall be submitted monthly by maintenance availability and shall be in accordance with Attachment J-2 “MILSTRAP DHA/BHJ Desk Guide for Demand Only Transaction Reporting dtd 12 May 2016”.

MILSTRAP DHA and BHJ demand submission data count information shall be provided quarterly by the prime contractor for all prime and sub-contractor data submissions in accordance with CDRL A004 (DI-MGMT-81806B). The Contractor and subcontractors shall ensure compliance with OPNAVINST 4790.4F, Ships’ Maintenance and Material Management (3-M) System Policy, and OPNAVINST 4700.7L Maintenance Policy For United States Navy Ships. Contractor and subcontractors shall report all material used in the course of maintenance to the Ships’ 3-M/Open Architecture Retrieval System (OARS) database at the completion of each maintenance availability. Data submissions shall be in accordance with Attachment J-1 “Desk Guide for Ships’ 3-M Parts Usage Reporting dtd 25 May 2016”.

Data count submission reporting of this maintenance material in the Ships’ 3-M/OARS database shall be provided by the prime contractor for all prime and sub-contractor material database submissions in accordance with CDRL A003 (DI-MGMT-82170).

Procurement includes identification and procurement services in support of initial and sustainment spares for loadout and facilities maintenance and management of these items in Realtime Outfitting Management Information System (ROMIS) or other approved management software. These include identification of potential sources, receiving and evaluating quotations, preparing, executing, and tracking purchase orders. The Contractor shall provide purchase order report in accordance with A005 (DI-MISC-81616).

1.1.2 SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

Contractor personnel shall comply with all current badging and security procedures required to gain access to any Government site (e.g.dBIDS). Access to Naval Installations sites may only be gained by obtaining a badge (either permanent or temporary) from the security office. It is the Contractor’s responsibility to check for and obtain changes and updated information at each installation on a continual basis.

All contractor personnel accessing classified information or material associated with this contract must be United States citizens and shall have and maintain at a minimum a SECRET security clearance at time of contract award.

1.1.3 DELAY/DISRUPTION

The Contractor shall coordinate the DO work effort with the Maintenance Team on a daily basis to prevent changing situations from causing delays and disruptions. Disruption due to minor delays in obtaining access to spaces and operation of equipment are to be expected. A minor delay is defined as four (4) hours or less in duration. Minor delays and/or disruptions are considered normal rather than unusual occurrences during the performance of requirements ordered under this contract.

If, during DO performance, delays greater than a minor delay indicated above are encountered, the Contractor shall immediately (verbally) notify the Contracting Officer and COR, followed by a written statement within 24 hours after occurrence of delay, stating time of impact, reason for delay, duration of impact, number of people affected, action taken to properly schedule the work, and action taken to minimize impact.

1.1.4 GOVERNMENT FURNISHED MATERIAL (GFM)

Government Furnished Material (GFM) cited in the DO RFPs will be delivered or made available to be picked up as identified in each DO. The successful Offeror is to contact the Buyers Government Property Administrator to coordinate obtaining GFM and Government Furnished Property (GFP) and shall submit GFM/GFP reports in accordance with CDRL A010 (DI-MGMT-80269).

GFM will be listed in paragraph 5 of the Work Item(s).

1.1.5 USE/POSSESSION OF PORTABLE ELECTRONIC DEVICES (PEDs)

The possession and use of portable electronic devices (PEDs) within the confines of any naval vessel, or in the Contractor's facility where equipment removed from the vessel is being worked, is strictly controlled.

PEDs (cellular phones, tablets, etc.) with digital imaging capabilities are strictly prohibited. PEDs may not be connected to any Navy-owned or controlled network. PEDs may not be used to store or process any digital information associated with the conduct of the contract without written authorization from the Naval Supervising Activity (NSA).

Questions related to PEDs shall be directed to the Buyers Program Manager.

1.1.6 NON SMOKING POLICY

The entire vessel, topside and below decks, is to be considered a "No Smoking Area" unless otherwise indicated by shipboard policy. Local installation policies shall also apply.

1.1.7 DELIVERY ORDER MODIFICATIONS

Unless a DO specifies otherwise, the following processes shall be strictly followed. Adherence to the process will be assessed and documented, as applicable, in an offeror's past performance evaluations (e.g. CPARS and future DO proposal evaluations).

1.1.8 IDENTIFICATION OF CONDITION FOUND

In accordance with the requirements of NAVSEA Standard Item 009-01, the contractor shall identify needed repairs and recommend corrective action during DO performance for work/deficiencies discovered which are not covered by the existing work package. For conditions to impact the critical path(s) /controlling item(s), the contractor shall notify the government via electronic media within 24-hours of discovery. This initial notification need not include all content required for a Condition Found Report (CFR), but must include a description of the condition/deficiency and an estimated timeframe for the offeror's professional recommendation for resolution, which shall not exceed five (5) days as specified below. Recommended repairs and corrective actions shall be submitted to the Government in the form of a CFR (intended to represent the "Work Request" described in DFARS 252.217-7028) per CDRL A002 (DI-MGMT-81648).

1.1.9 NOTIFICATION TO GOVERNMENT

CFRs shall be submitted to Buyer within three (3) working days of discovery of the condition. At a minimum, the CFR will include the following:

- (1) Identify contract, DO, ship, and hull number
- (2) Serialized by CFR number
- (3) Identification of the applicable Work Item number
- (4) Date requirement was discovered
- (5) Description of the work requirement
- (6) Specific location of the work

- (7) Recommendation for corrective action
- (8) Recommendation for the appropriate/best time to accomplish the work (i.e. during current availability with or without schedule change, future CNO or Continuous Maintenance Availability). Provide supporting rationale for the recommendation, such as cost efficiencies, availability of work force, availability of material, premium expenditures, etc.
- (9) Identification of related changes, if any, to the internal milestones and production and contract completion dates.

1.1.10 GOVERNMENT REVIEW AND RESPONSE TO CFR

The Maintenance Team shall review the CFR. If the CFR is inadequate or incomplete, it will be rejected with time continuing to accrue (relative to 3-day requirement). As appropriate, the Government and contractor will need to meet, conduct ship checks and/or discuss the recommendation for corrective action further to determine the full scope of work required prior to final approval of the CFR. The contractor's accuracy reflected in the CFRs submitted may be evaluated in CPARS and utilized for past performance ratings on future DOs.

1.1.11 REQUEST FOR CONTRACT CHANGE

When the requirement is validated and fully scoped, the Government will generate a Request for Contract Change (RCC).

The contractor shall provide all Change Order Price Analysis (COPA) proposals to the Buyers Program Management representative in response to RCCs within three (3) business days. A COPA addressing a change to a FFP delivery order shall include at a minimum:

- a. Labor hours to be performed by the Prime Contractor \$ _____
- b. Subcontractor Quote* (If applicable) \$ _____
- c. Material Quote* (If applicable) \$ _____
- d. Mark-up (If applicable) \$ _____

***Documentation must accompany the COPA.**

If circumstances arise where the contractor is unable to submit a COPA within three (3) business days, the contractor shall notify the Government in writing of the specific circumstances and provide a date in which a COPA proposal will be submitted. Notification of late submission of a COPA proposal does not exempt the contractor from meeting the three (3) business day requirement, but will be considered by the Government when conducting a CPARS evaluation. The contractor's timeliness in submitting COPAs in response to RCCs may be evaluated in CPARS and utilized for past performance ratings on future DOs.

1.2.1 PLANNED/ PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE (PM): Applicable to CLINs 0001, 0002, 0005 and 0006

- The Contractor shall provide Planned Maintenance (PM) effort as directed the Government. This item requires the accomplishment of known/planned Maintenance. Work shall be executed inside and outside the port of San Diego, CA/CONUS only as specified on the delivery order. The Government may require the Contractor to execute unscheduled/unplanned PM to be accomplished during CNO Availabilities, CMAVs, PMAVs, or Unscheduled CMAVs to support inspection preparation as specified on the delivery order.
- The Contractor shall be responsible for purchasing, monitoring, receiving, inspecting, segregating, issuing, determining nonconformance, and disposing of material based on NAVSEA S6480-A4-CAT-010.
- PM work items shall be accomplished during Planned Maintenance Availabilities (PMAVs) but PM may also be accomplished during CM or EM work, as the Government directs.
- The Contractor shall conduct Planned/Preventative maintenance on battle spares when directed by the Government.
- The Contractor shall accomplish Planned Maintenance in accordance with (IAW) COMUSFLTFORCOMINST 4790.3 (series) Joint Fleet Maintenance Manual (JFMM).
- The Contractor shall be able to support Planned Maintenance Availabilities (PMAVs) are defined as

monthly availabilities for performance of planned maintenance type work. The PMAV duration will be, notionally, five days.

- Contractor shall maintain PMS Surveillance Log (PSL) – It is the record of the status of all of the PMS surveillance checks conducted by Quality Assurance (QA) and includes the Objective Quality Evidence (OQE) that validated the requirements were met.
- The Contractor shall provide Maintenance Requirement Cards (MRC) requirements for the PM checks and the principal activity of the QA Inspector is to verify that the requirements of the MRC have been successfully accomplished and provide the level of assessment needed for performance measurement.
- The Contractor QA support of planned maintenance requires additional training that is unique to the nature of the work. QA Inspectors assigned to work on the LCS Program shall complete the necessary training and demonstrating competence with various processes:
 - Development and maintenance of the PSL
 - Personnel Qualification Standards (PQS) Training (301)
 - Work Authorization Form and Tag-out process
 - The assigned QA Inspector will monitor the total number of jobs completed throughout the availability and ensure at least 15% of the executed MRCs receive a surveillance check.
 - The Contractor shall have the qualifications necessary for the PM work as defined on the MRC.
- The Contractor shall make sure the safety requirements such as required Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), equipment tag-out, and other precautions are checked.
- The Contractor shall provide Technical Feedback Reports per 3M manual and provide copies to LCS RON ONE.
- The latest released version of Planned Maintenance System PMS Force Revision (FR) will be used to accomplish CLINs **0001, 0002, 0005, and 0006** for each period of performance. See Attachment J-3. The Contractor shall comply with approved revisions to the FR within two weeks of receipt.
- Accomplish PMS Maintenance Requirements (MRs), specified for Contractor to accomplish as annotated by “+” coding on the Maintenance Requirement Card (MRC).
- The Contractor shall tag out equipment as required per Attachment J-5 (TUM) and J-6 (WAF).
- The current Fiscal Year Standard Items Category I apply to all Preventive Maintenance availabilities. All Category II items shall be invoked as needed.
- The Contractor shall provide PM Weekly Forecast and Completion Report in accordance with CDRL A013 (DI-MISC-80508B).
- The Contractor shall accomplish PM requirements in support of Commander, U. S. Pacific Fleet (CPF) initiative for Expeditionary Maintenance either independently, or in conjunction with Military Sealift Command's (MSC) Expeditionary Fast Transport deployed units. NAVEDTRA 43241-J, PERSONNEL QUALIFICATION STANDARD FOR 3M establishes requirements to achieve the minimum skill sets required to enforce maintenance execution standards. The contractor shall establish a training and qualification program and be able to show proof that all contractor maintenance persons are fully trained and qualified IAW NAVEDTRA 43241-J to a minimum PQS level of 301 or an equivalent level approved by the Government.
- The Contractor shall utilize an Enterprise Asset Management (EAM) database or equivalent system, such as MAXIMO.

1.2.2 FACILITY MAINTENANCE (FM): Applicable to CLINs 0001 and 0002

The Contractor shall provide Facilities Maintenance (FM) effort as directed the Government. This item requires the accomplishment of known/planned Facilities Maintenance comprised of compartment cleaning. Work shall be executed inside and outside the port of San Diego, CA/CONUS only as specified on the delivery order. The Government may require the Contractor to execute unscheduled/unplanned FM to be accomplished during CNO Availabilities, CMAVs, PMAVs, or Unscheduled CMAVs to support inspection preparation as specified on the delivery order.

- The Contractor shall be responsible for purchasing, monitoring, receiving, inspecting, segregating, issuing, determining nonconformance, and disposing of material based on NAVSEA S6480-A4-CAT-010.
- The Contractor shall be able to coordinate with other MAC holders when Facility Maintenance could occur within a PMAV, CMAV, or unscheduled CMAVs.
- The Contractor shall be responsible for purchasing, monitoring, receiving, inspecting, segregating, issuing, determining nonconformance, and disposing of material based on NAVSEA S6480-A4-CAT-010.

- The contractor shall follow and accomplish all the requirements found COMLCSRONONEINST 4790.8 Littoral Combat Ship Compartment Cleaning Plan per Attachment J-4. The Contractor shall tag out equipment as required per Attachment J-5 (TUM) and J-6 (WAF).

1.2.3 - Corrosion Control (CC): Applicable to CLINs 0001, 0002, 0005 and 0006

The Contractor shall perform one (1) corrosion control inspection per compartment per LCS vessel in accordance with Attachment J-12A and J-12B for the LCS 1 and LCS 2 variants, respectively. Inspections shall be accomplished IAW the Corrosion Control Assessment Maintenance Manual (CCAMM). A discrepancy report shall be generated and submitted to the Government within three days of the inspections IAW the CCAMM. The Contractor shall provide Corrosion Control (CC) effort as directed by the Government. This item requires the accomplishment of known CC efforts. Work shall be executed inside and outside the port of San Diego, CA/CONUS and OCONUS as specified on the delivery order. The Government may require the Contractor to execute unscheduled/unplanned CC to be accomplished during CNO Availabilities, CMAVs, PMAVs, or Unscheduled CMAVs to support inspection preparation as specified on the delivery order.

- Corrosion Control requirements shall be accomplished in accordance with NAVAL SHIPS' TECHNICAL MANUAL CHAPTER 631, PRESERVATION OF SHIPS IN SERVICE – GENERAL S9086-VD-STM-010 (series).
- The Contractor shall tag out equipment as required per Attachment J-5 (TUM) and J-6 (WAF).

1.2.4 CNO AVAILABILITES: Applicable to CLINs 0003 and 0004

- The Contractor shall be able to support LCS Class CNO availabilities and must either possess a drydock or have access to a drydock to be eligible to perform Delivery Orders that involve drydocking.
- The Contractor shall submit and maintain a detailed Integrated Master Schedule (IMS) to monitor all maintenance/modernization to ensure maximum space utilization, completion of critical path repairs, prevention of maintenance work overlap/conflicts and identification of HAZMAT/ Environment, Safety and Occupational Health (ESOH) maintenance tasking in accordance with CDRL A011 (DI-MGMT-81791). The IMS shall include repairs being made; repair time, work overlap and workspace requirement. The IMS shall provide Critical Path Analysis for work to be performed, weekly, monthly, quarterly and annual reports using histograms and descriptive statistics. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the IMS satisfies the requirements in the NAVSEA Standard Item 009-60 or 009-111.
- The Contractor shall maintain the integrity of Mission Package integration areas in accordance with the LCS Interface Control Document Attachment J-13.
- The Contractor shall complete, control, integrate, schedule, and progress a diverse set of ship repair capabilities.
- For each CNO Selected Restricted Availability (SRA), CNO Drydocking Selected Restricted Availability (DSRA), the MAC holder awarded the availability shall be responsible for integrating work among all executing activities:
 - For example, during SRAs, the Prime Contractor integrates work to be accomplished by other MAC holders for Planned Maintenance (PM)/Facility Maintenance (FM)/ Corrosion Control (CC), Ships Force O-level, RMC I-level, or Alteration Installation Team (AITs), with SWRMC's assistance. The Request for Proposal (RFP) for each delivery order will specify known work that will be accomplished by other contractors during the delivery order period of performance. The Prime Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the third party known work is reflected in the NAVSEA Standard Item 009-60 or 009-111 schedules provided to the Government. Prime contractor shall consider Access To Vessel clauses and Indemnification for Access To Vessels clause. If there are any integration disputes between the Prime Contractor and other entities, SWRMC C400 has the final disposition.
- The Contractor shall provide engineering and design support to diagnose and evaluate technical

- problems and issues and to make competent technical recommendations.
- The Contractor shall perform Non-Destructive Testing.
- The Contractor shall provide Qualified Welding and shall provide reports for welding, fabrication, and inspection requirements in accordance with CDRL A009 (DI-MICS-80508B)
- The Contractor shall interface with the Planning Yard (PY) and Execution Planner to receive documentation and guidance for Modernization/Ship Change Document (SCDs). It is also expected the PY will provide Advanced Planning products prior to CNO availabilities.
- The Contractor shall provide/submit Ship Selected Record Drawings (SRDs), Selected Record Data Updates, Weight and Stability Reports, and Technical Manuals to the Planning Yard in accordance with CDRL A012 (DI-SESS-81404A) and other designated Government Representative as directed by the Navy within five days of completion of the availability.
- The current Fiscal Year Standard Items Category I apply to all availabilities. All Category II items shall be invoked as needed.
- For critical systems the Contractor shall utilize in Attachment J-15 for identification of LCS Class Mission Critical Systems.
- Contractor shall be responsible for planning, engineering, quality assurance/control, integration/coordination/production, and component/system testing and trials across multiple work items, covering work on systems of similar complexity as the critical systems for LCS listed in the in Attachment J-15.

1.2.5 CONTINUOUS MAINTENANCE (CM): Applicable to CLINs 0003, 0004, 0005 and 0006

- Scheduled Continuous Maintenance Availabilities (CMAVs) are defined as availabilities that will occur notionally three times per year/every four months, and are notionally two weeks in duration. Unscheduled CMAVs (U-CMAV) are year-long availabilities to conduct corrective maintenance when ship schedules allow. CMAVs and U-CMAVs may be worked concurrently with Planned Maintenance Availabilities (PMAVs).
- Contactor shall comply with Title 10 USC Section 7310 for work accomplished OCONUS.
- The Contractor shall maintain the integrity of Mission Package integration areas in accordance with the LCS Interface Control Document Attachment J-13.
- Continuous Maintenance Availability (CMAVs) and U-CMAVs, the MAC holder awarded the availability shall be responsible for integrating work among all executing activities:
 - For example, during CMAVs, the Prime Contractor integrates work to be accomplished by other MAC holders for Planned Maintenance (PM)/Facility Maintenance (FM)/ Corrosion Control (CC), Ships Force O-level, RMC I-level, or Alteration Installation Team (AITs), with SWRMC's assistance. The Request for Proposal (RFP) for each delivery order will specify known work that will be accomplished by other contractors during the delivery order period of performance. The Prime Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the third party known work is reflected in the NAVSEA Standard Item 009-60 or 009-111 schedules provided to the Government. Prime contractor shall consider Access To Vessel clauses and Indemnification for Access To Vessels clause. If there are any integration disputes between the Prime Contractor and other entities, SWRMC C400 has the final disposition.
- The Contractor shall provide engineering and design support to diagnose and evaluate technical problems and issues and to make competent technical recommendations.
- The Contractor shall perform Non-Destructive Testing.
- The Contractor shall provide Qualified Welding and shall provide reports for welding, fabrication, and inspection requirements in accordance with CDRL A009 (DI-MICS-80508B).The Contractor shall interface with the Planning Yard (PY) and Execution Planner to receive documentation and guidance for Modernization/Ship Change Document (SCDs). It is also expected the PY will provide Advanced Planning products prior to CNO availabilities.
- The Contractor shall provide/submit Ship Selected Record Drawings (SRDs), Selected Record Data Updates, Weight and Stability Reports, and Technical Manuals to the Planning Yard in accordance with CDRL A012 (DI-SESS-81404A) and other designated Government Representative as directed by the Navy within five days of completion of the availability.
- For critical systems the Contractor shall utilize in Attachment J-15 for identification of LCS Class Mission Critical Systems.

- The current Fiscal Year Standard Items Category I apply to all Continuous Maintenance availabilities. All Category II items shall be invoked as needed.
Contractor shall be responsible for planning, engineering, quality assurance/control, integration/coordination/production, and component/system testing and trials across multiple work items, covering work on systems of similar complexity as the critical systems for LCS listed in Attachment J-15.

1.2.6 EMERGENT MAINTENANCE (EM): Applicable to CLINs 0003, 0004, 0005 and 0006

A essential portion of the IDIQ-MAC scope is the work outside of CNO scheduled availabilities such as Emergent Maintenance (EM). These availabilities may require the completion of urgent work that is or may impact ships mission or operational capabilities.. If Contractors are unable to meet any of the requirements below, they must notify the contracting officer within four (4) hours of the initial urgent ship repair notification. The Government will assess the validity of an Contractors inability to meet the requirements below as well as the frequency of such requests/notifications.

- Ship Checks: Contractors shall conduct homeport ship checks within four (4) hours of notification to Contractor and within eight (8) hours when the ship is CONUS but not in the homeport. When the ship is OCONUS the Contractor will make every effort to shipcheck/ provide recommendations for assessment within 48 hours of notification.
- Proposals: Within twelve (12) hours of ship check, Contractors shall provide the Government a proposal. At a minimum, the proposal shall be of a class C estimate standard and shall be supplemented with an explanation of proposed costs/price.
- Assessment & Preparation: Contractors shall have the capabilities to identify potential faults and failure causes prior to ships arrival, conduct timely assessment of required repairs, identify and implement technically correct repair plans, accelerate procurement of necessary parts and material, and execute timely repairs. Contractors must support 24 hours 7 days a week, 365 days a year repair efforts.
- The Contractor shall maintain the integrity of Mission Package integration areas in accordance with the LCS Interface Control Document Attachment J-13.
- The current Fiscal Year Standard Items Category I apply to all Emergent Maintenance. All Category II items shall be invoked as needed.

1.2.7 TRAVEL: Applicable to CLINs 0007 and 0008

Travel costs, which include Fly-Away Teams, or non-Fly-Away Teams (any contractor or subcontractor individual at any tier requiring travel to or from NBSD outside a 50-mile radius), whether born from the prime contractor or any subcontractor at any tier, are not fee-bearing costs under all DOs placed under the basic contract, and shall be accounted for under CLIN 0007. The Contractor shall obtain prior written approval by the ACO per trip occurrence. All estimated and incurred travel costs shall be in accordance with FAR 31.205-46 and the Joint Travel Regulations (JTR). Airfare costs in excess of the lowest priced airfare available to the contractor during normal business hours are unallowable unless approved in writing as meeting an exception identified in FAR 31.205-46(b) by the ACO prior to commencement of the travel.

"Fly-Away Teams" are hereby defined as transportation of contractor or subcontractor personnel, at any tier, that travels to Naval Base San Diego (NBSD) coming from outside a 50-mile radius of NBSD, or for any transportation of contractor or subcontractor, at any tier, that travels away from the contractor's location to support LCS work as defined in Section C of the basic contract, to an area that exceeds a 50-mile radius of NBSD.

All travel cost shall be reported for the Contractor and all support subcontractors (cost reimbursable only). Labor hours associated with travel shall be billed to the applicable work CLIN to which the travel is supporting.

1.2.8 DATA: Applicable to CLIN 0009

Data shall be prepared and delivered in accordance with the Contract Data Requirements List, DD Form 1423, Exhibits A, B, and C.

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HQ C-1-0007 PROVISIONING TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION (NAVSEA) (FEB 1994)

The Provisioning Technical Documentation (PTD) shall be in accordance with the Provisioning Requirements Statement (PRS), including NAVSEA Addendum for PTD Requirements dated January 1993, the Provisioning Performance Schedule and the Contract Data Requirements List, DD Form 1423, Exhibit B, attached hereto.

HQ C-2-0002 ACCESS TO PROPRIETARY DATA OR COMPUTER SOFTWARE (NAVSEA) (JUN 1994)

Performance under this contract may require that the Contractor have access to technical data, computer software, or other sensitive data of another party who asserts that such data or software is proprietary. If access to such data or software is required or to be provided, the Contractor shall enter into a written agreement with such party prior to gaining access to such data or software. The agreement shall address, at a minimum, (1) access to, and use of, the proprietary data or software exclusively for the purposes of performance of the work required by this contract, and (2) safeguards to protect such data or software from unauthorized use or disclosure for so long as the data or software remains proprietary. In addition, the agreement shall not impose any limitation upon the Government or its employees with respect to such data or software. A copy of the executed agreement shall be provided to the Contracting Officer. The Government may unilaterally modify the contract to list those third parties with which the Contractor has agreement(s).

- (a) The Contractor agrees to: (1) indoctrinate its personnel who will have access to the data or software as to the restrictions under which access is granted; (2) not disclose the data or software to another party or other Contractor personnel except as authorized by the Contracting Officer; (3) not engage in any other action, venture, or employment wherein this information will be used, other than under this contract, in any manner inconsistent with the spirit and intent of this requirement; (4) not disclose the data or software to any other party, including, but not limited to, joint venture, affiliate, successor, or assign of the Contractor; and (5) reproduce the restrictive stamp, marking, or legend on each use of the data or software whether in whole or in part.
- (b) The restrictions on use and disclosure of the data and software described above also apply to such information received from the Government through any means to which the Contractor has access in the performance of this contract that contains proprietary or other restrictive markings.
- (c) The Contractor agrees that it will promptly notify the Contracting Officer of any attempt by an individual, company, or Government representative not directly involved in the effort to be performed under this contract to gain access to such proprietary information. Such notification shall include the name and organization of the individual, company, or Government representative seeking access to such information.
- (d) The Contractor shall include this requirement in subcontracts of any tier which involve access to information covered by paragraph (a), substituting "subcontractor" for "Contractor" where appropriate.
- (e) Compliance with this requirement is a material requirement of this contract.

HQ C-2-0003 ACCESS TO THE NAVY SUPPLY SYSTEM (NAVSEA) (MAR 2011)

- (a) In compliance with the comparability requirement of 10 U.S.C. 7314, Public and Private Shipyards will be provided equal access to the Naval Supply System. Use by private yards is permissive, not mandatory.
- (b) Pursuant to the clause of this contract entitled "GOVERNMENT SUPPLY SOURCES" (FAR 52.251-1) the Contracting Officer hereby authorizes the Contractor to place orders with the Navy Supply System for materials and equipment or other supplies necessary to perform the required work. The Naval Supply System shall process such orders in the same manner as it would for any other Navy supply user, and the Contractor shall make payment on account of materials and equipment and other supplies ordered and/or received in accordance with the normal requirements of the Naval Supply Systems Command, but in no event shall payment in full be any later

than 30 days after receipt by the Contractor of each order. The Contractor shall pay the Naval Supply System any costs for materials, equipment, or other supplies obtained including any surcharges normally charged to any other Naval Supply System user.

This job order has been priced on the basis that, except as specifically provided elsewhere in this contract with regards to Government furnished property, the Contractor shall provide all necessary materials, equipment and supplies for performance of this contract. If the Contractor uses the Naval Supply System, it has elected to use the system for its own convenience to meet its contractual obligations to perform the work under this contract. The Naval Supply System is considered to be an alternate source or vendor of contractor furnished material; therefore materials, equipment, or other supplies ordered and/or obtained from the Naval Supply System are specifically not considered to be Government furnished material, but are considered to be contractor furnished material. The Government makes no representation as to the availability of materials, equipment, or other supplies for the performance of the work required under this contract, nor shall unavailability, late delivery, delivery of non-conforming supplies, higher costs of the Naval Supply System (if any), or any failure of the Naval Supply System to meet the expectations or requirements of the Contractor constitute excusable delay or grounds for equitable or any other adjustment to the contract or relief from the requirement to perform in accordance with the terms of the contract.

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HQ C-2-0004 ACCESS TO THE VESSEL(S) (AT) (NAVSEA) (JAN 1983)

Officers, employees and associates of other prime Contractors with the Government and their subcontractors, shall, as authorized by the Supervisor, have, at all reasonable times, admission to the plant, access to the vessel(s) where and as required, and be permitted, within the plant and on the vessel(s) required, to perform and fulfill their respective obligations to the Government. The Contractor shall make reasonable arrangements with the Government or Contractors of the Government, as shall have been identified and authorized by the Supervisor to be given admission to the plant and access to the vessel(s) for office space, work areas, storage or shop areas, or other facilities and services, necessary for the performance of the respective responsibilities involved, and reasonable to their performance.

HQ C-2-0005 ACCESS TO VESSELS BY NON U.S. CITIZENS (NAVSEA) (DEC 2005)

(a) No person not known to be a U.S. citizen shall be eligible for access to naval vessels, work sites and adjacent areas when said vessels are under construction, conversion, overhaul, or repair, except upon a finding by COMNAVSEA or his designated representative that such access should be permitted in the best interest of the United States. The Contractor shall establish procedures to comply with this requirement and NAVSEAINST 5500.3 (series) in effect on the date of this contract or agreement.

(b) If the Contractor desires to employ non U.S. citizens in the performance of work under this contract or agreement that requires access as specified in paragraph (a) of this requirement, approval must be obtained prior to access for each contract or agreement where such access is required. To request such approval for non U.S. citizens of friendly countries, the Contractor shall submit to the cognizant Contract Administration Office (CAO), an Access Control Plan (ACP) which shall contain as a minimum, the following information:

(1) Badge or Pass oriented identification, access, and movement control system for non U.S. citizen employees with the badge or pass to be worn or displayed on outer garments at all times while on the Contractor's facilities and when performing work aboard ship.

(i) Badges must be of such design and appearance that permits easy recognition to facilitate quick and positive identification.

(ii) Access authorization and limitations for the bearer must be clearly established and in accordance with applicable security regulations and instructions.

(iii) control system, which provides rigid accountability procedures for handling lost, damaged, forgotten or

no longer required badges, must be established.

(iv) A badge or pass check must be performed at all points of entry to the Contractor's facilities or by a site supervisor for work performed on vessels outside the Contractor's plant.

(2) Contractor's plan for ascertaining citizenship and for screening employees for security risk.

(3) Data reflecting the number, nationality, and positions held by non U.S. citizen employees, including procedures to update data as non U.S. citizen employee data changes, and pass to cognizant CAO.

(4) Contractor's plan for ensuring subcontractor compliance with the provisions of the Contractor's ACP.

(5) These conditions and controls are intended to serve as guidelines representing the minimum requirements of an acceptable ACP. They are not meant to restrict the Contractor in any way from imposing additional controls necessary to tailor these requirements to a specific facility.

(c) To request approval for non U.S. citizens of hostile and/or communist controlled countries (listed in Department of Defense Industrial Security Manual, DOD 5220.22 M or available from cognizant CAO), Contractor shall include in the ACP the following employee data: name, place of birth, citizenship (if different from place of birth), date of entry to U.S., extenuating circumstances (if any) concerning immigration to U.S., number of years employed by Contractor, position, and stated intent concerning U.S. citizenship. COMNAVSEA or his designated representative will make individual determinations for desirability of access for above group. Approval of ACP's for access of non-U.S. citizens of friendly countries will not be delayed for approval of non-U.S. citizens of hostile communist-controlled countries. Until approval is received, Contractor must deny access to vessels for employees who are non-U.S. citizens of hostile and/or communist-controlled countries.

(d) The Contractor shall fully comply with approved ACPs. Noncompliance by the Contractor or subcontractor serves to cancel any authorization previously granted, in which case the Contractor shall be precluded from the continued use of non-U.S. citizens on this contract or agreement until such time as the compliance with an approved ACP is demonstrated and upon a determination by the CAO that the Government's interests are protected. Further, the Government reserves the right to cancel previously granted authority when such cancellation is determined to be in the Government's best interest. Use of non-U.S. citizens, without an approved ACP or when a previous authorization has been canceled, will be considered a violation of security regulations. Upon confirmation by the CAO of such violation, this contract, agreement or any job order issued under this agreement may be terminated or default in accordance with the clause entitled "DEFAULT (FIXED-PRICE SUPPLY AND SERVICE)" (FAR 52.249-8), "DEFAULT (FIXED-PRICE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT)" (FAR 52.249-9) or "TERMINATION (COST REIMBURSEMENT)" (FAR 52.249-6), as applicable.

(e) Prime Contractors have full responsibility for the proper administration of the approved ACP for all work performed under this contract or agreement, regardless of the location of the vessel, and must ensure compliance by all subcontractors, technical representatives and other persons granted access to U.S. Navy vessels, adjacent areas, and work sites.

(f) In the event the Contractor does not intend to employ non-U.S. citizens in the performance of the work under this contract, but has non-U.S. citizen employees, such employees must be precluded from access to the vessel and its work site and those shops where work on the vessel's equipment is being performed. The ACP must spell out how non-U.S. citizens are excluded from access to contract work areas.

(g) The same restriction as in paragraph (g) above applies to other non-U.S. citizens who have access to the Contractor's facilities (e.g., for accomplishing facility improvements, from foreign crewed vessels within its facility, etc.)

HQ C-2-0006 ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (NAVSEA) (SEP 2009)

(a) For purposes of paragraph (h) of the clause entitled "GOVERNMENT PROPERTY" (FAR 52.245-1) in addition to those items of property defined in that clause as Government Property, the following shall also be included within the definition of Government Property:

- (1) the vessel;
- (2) the equipment on the vessel;
- (3) movable stores;
- (4) cargo; and
- (5) other material on the vessel

(b) For purposes of paragraph (b) of the clause entitled "GOVERNMENT PROPERTY", notwithstanding any other requirement of this contract, the following shall not be considered Government Property:

- (1) the vessel;
- (2) the equipment on the vessel;
- (3) movable stores; and
- (4) other material on the vessel

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HQ C-2-0007 APPROVAL BY THE GOVERNMENT (AT) (NAVSEA) (JAN 1983)

Approval by the Government as required under this contract and applicable specifications shall not relieve the Contractor of its obligation to comply with the specifications and with all other requirements of the contract, nor shall it impose upon the Government any liability it would not have had in the absence of such approval.

HQ C-2-0010 COMMAND INSPECTION OF BERTHING FACILITIES (NAVSEA) (OCT 1990)

(a) Once the ship's force takes occupancy of a berthing facility, it is recognized that the premises will be under the control of the Department of the Navy and subject to inspections by the Commanding Officer or his duly authorized representative(s). In recognition of (1) the Navy's need to ensure security, military fitness, and good order and discipline and (2) the Navy's policy to conduct regularly scheduled periodic inspections, the Contractor hereby agrees that while its berthing facilities are occupied by ship's force, the Commanding Officer or his duly authorized representative(s) has (have) the right to conduct command inspections of the berthing facilities occupied by ship's force.

(b) In instances where the Contractor is using commercial facilities to satisfy the berthing requirement, the Contractor hereby agrees to insert the following requirement in any Subcontract for berthing facilities to be provided under this Contract:

In recognition of (1) the Navy's need to ensure security, military fitness, and good order and discipline, and (2) the Navy's policy to conduct regularly scheduled periodic inspections, *(insert names of Subcontractor) hereby agrees that while its facilities are occupied by ship's force, the Commanding Officer or his duly authorized representative(s) has (have) the right to conduct Command inspections of the facilities occupied by ship's force.

* To be determined in each Delivery Order, as applicable.

HQ C-2-0011 COMPUTER SOFTWARE AND/OR COMPUTER DATABASE(S) DELIVERED TO AND/OR RECEIVED FROM THE GOVERNMENT (NAVSEA) (APR 2004)

(a) The Contractor agrees to test for viruses all computer software and/or computer databases, as defined in the clause entitled "RIGHTS IN NONCOMMERCIAL COMPUTER SOFTWARE AND NONCOMMERCIAL COMPUTER SOFTWARE DOCUMENTATION" (DFARS 252.227-7014), before delivery of that computer software or computer database in whatever media and on whatever system the software is delivered. The Contractor warrants that any such computer software and/or computer database will be free of viruses when delivered.

(b) The Contractor agrees to test any computer software and/or computer database(s) received from the Government for viruses prior to use under this contract.

(c) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, any license agreement governing the use of any computer software to be delivered as a result of this contract must be paid-up and perpetual, or so nearly perpetual as to allow the use of

the computer software or computer data base with the equipment for which it is obtained, or any replacement equipment, for so long as such equipment is used. Otherwise the computer software or computer database does not meet the minimum functional requirements of this contract. In the event that there is any routine to disable the computer software or computer database after the software is developed for or delivered to the Government, that routine shall not disable the computer software or computer database until at least twenty-five calendar years after the delivery date of the affected computer software or computer database to the Government.

(d) No copy protection devices or systems shall be used in any computer software or computer database delivered under this contract to restrict or limit the Government from making copies. This does not prohibit license agreements from specifying the maximum amount of copies that can be made.

(e) Delivery by the Contractor to the Government of certain technical data and other data is now frequently required in digital form rather than as hard copy. Such delivery may cause confusion between data rights and computer software rights. It is agreed that, to the extent that any such data is computer software by virtue of its delivery in digital form, the Government will be licensed to use that digital-form with exactly the same rights and limitations as if the data had been delivered as hard copy.

(f) Any limited rights legends or other allowed legends placed by a Contractor on technical data or other data delivered in digital form shall be digitally included on the same media as the digital-form data and must be associated with the corresponding digital-form technical data to which the legends apply to the extent possible. Such legends shall also be placed in human readable form on a visible surface of the media carrying the digital-form data as delivered, to the extent possible.

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HQ C-2-0016 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS FOR SHIP REPAIR (NAVSEA) (APR 2015)

Attention of the Contractor is directed to the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 USC 651-678), and to the Safety and Health Regulations for Ship Repairing (29 CFR 1915), promulgated under Public Law 85-742, amending Section 41 of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 USC 941), and adopted by the Department of Labor as occupational safety or health standards under Section 6(a) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (See 29 CFR 1910.15). These regulations apply to all ship repair and related work, as defined in the regulations performed under this contract on the navigable waters of the United States including any dry dock and marine railway. Nothing contained in this contract shall be construed as relieving the Contractor from any obligations, which it may have for compliance with the aforesaid regulations.

HQ C-2-0018 DISPOSAL OF SCRAP (NAVSEA) (JAN 2008)

(a) All Government scrap resulting from accomplishment of any job order is the property of the Contractor to be disposed as it sees fit. Scrap is defined as property that has no reasonable prospect of being sold except for the recovery value of its basic material content. The determination as to which materials are scrap and which materials are salvage, will be made, or concurred in, by the duly appointed Property Administrator for the cognizant SUPSHIP or RMC Office.

(b) As consideration for retaining the Government's scrap, the Contractor's price for the performance of the work required herein shall be a net price reflecting the value of the Government scrap.

(c) This requirement is not intended to conflict in any way with the clauses of this contract entitled "PERFORMANCE" (DFARS 252.217-7010) or "GOVERNMENT PROPERTY" (FAR 52.245-1) under the Master Contract in effect at the time of job order award, nor does it relieve the Contractor of any other requirement under such clauses.

HQ C-2-0020 DOCK TRIALS AND FAST CRUISE (NAVSEA) (MAY 1993)

Dock Trials. The purpose of this trial is to conduct preliminary tests necessary to ensure that the ship is ready for operating at sea. Ship's personnel will conduct all tests and perform all operational functions; however, Contractor personnel will observe tests, record data, and make minor repairs and adjustments as necessary. The dock trial shall be scheduled in accordance with Work Item *. Contractor personnel are not to interfere with functions of ship's personnel.

(a) Fast Cruise. The "fast cruise" is a simulated underway period. The purpose of fast cruise is to test to the maximum extent possible, the ship's material and operational readiness condition. This includes normal watch stations and engineering casualty control procedures. Contractor personnel will not be allowed onboard during this period unless specifically requested by the Supervisor. Fast cruise shall be scheduled after dock trials and prior to sea trials as cited in Specification Item * .

*To be determined in each Delivery Order, as applicable.

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HQ C-2-0021 DRYDOCK CERTIFICATION (NAVSEA) (APR 2015)

The drydocking of all vessels on or after 1 January 1980 shall be accomplished in dry docks certified in accordance with MIL-STD-1625D(SH) dated 27 August 2009 as invoked by NAVSEA Standard Item 009-01.

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HQ C-2-0023 EXCLUSION OF MERCURY (NAVSEA) (MAY 1998)

Mercury or mercury containing compounds shall not be intentionally added or come in direct contact with hardware or supplies furnished under this contract.

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HQ C-2-0024 EXTENSION OF COMMERCIAL WARRANTY (NAVSEA) (NOV 1996)

The Contractor shall extend to the Government the full coverage of any standard commercial warranty normally offered in a similar commercial sale, provided that such warranty is available at no additional cost to the Government. The Contractor shall provide a copy of the standard commercial warranty with the item. The standard commercial warranty period shall begin upon the final acceptance of the applicable material or software. Acceptance of the standard commercial warranty does not waive the Government's rights under the "Inspection" clause, nor does it limit the Government's rights with regard to other terms and conditions of the contract. In the event of a conflict, the terms and conditions of the contract shall take precedence over the standard commercial warranty.

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HQ C-2-0028 GOVERNMENT SURPLUS PROPERTY (NAVSEA) (SEP 1990)

No former Government surplus property or residual inventory resulting from terminated Government contracts shall be furnished under this contract unless (i) such property is identified in the Special Contract Requirements or (ii) is approved in writing by the Contracting Officer. Notwithstanding any such identification in the Special Contract Requirements or approval by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor agrees all items or components described in this requirement shall comply in all respects with the specifications contained herein.

HQ C-2-0030 INFORMATION AND DATA FURNISHED BY THE GOVERNMENT (FIXED-PRICE) (NAVSEA) (SEP 2009)

(a) Contract Specifications. The Government will furnish, if not included as an attachment to the contract,

any unique contract specifications set forth in Section C.

(b) Contract Drawings and Data. The Government will furnish contract drawings, design agent drawings, ship construction drawings, and/or other design or alteration data cited or referenced in Section C or in the contract specification as mandatory for use or for contract performance.

(c) Government Furnished Information (GFI). GFI is defined as that information essential for the installation, test, operation, and interface support of all Government Furnished Material enumerated on NAVSEA Form 4205/19 or Schedule A, as applicable, attached to the contract. The Government shall furnish only the GFI identified on the NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable, attached to the contract. The GFI furnished to the contractor need not be in any particular format. Further, the Government reserves the right to revise the listing of GFI on the NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable, as follows:

(1) The Contracting Officer may at any time by written order:

(i) delete, supersede, or revise, in whole or in part, data listed or specifically referenced in NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable; or

(ii) add items of data or information to NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable; or

(iii) establish or revise due dates for items of data or information in NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable.

(2) If any action taken by the Contracting Officer pursuant to subparagraph (1) immediately above causes an increase or decrease in the costs of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the work under this contract, the contractor may be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the contract price and delivery schedule in accordance with the procedures provided for in the clause of this contract entitled "CHANGES--FIXED-PRICE" (FAR 52.243-1).

(d) Except for the Government information and data specified by paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) above, the Government will not be obligated to furnish the Contractor any specification, standard, drawing, technical documentation, or other publication, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the contract specifications, the GFI listed on the NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable, the clause of this contract entitled "GOVERNMENT PROPERTY" (FAR 52.245-1) or "GOVERNMENT PROPERTY INSTALLATION OPERATION SERVICES" (FAR 52.245-2), as applicable, or any other term or condition of this contract.

(e) Referenced Documentation. The Government will not be obligated to furnish Government specifications and standards, including Navy standard and type drawings and other technical documentation, which are referenced directly or indirectly in the contract specifications set forth in Section C and which are applicable to this contract as specifications. Such referenced documentation may be obtained:

(1) From the ASSIST database via the internet at <http://assist.dla.mil/>; or

(2) By submitting a request to the
 Department of Defense Single Stock Point (DoDSSP) Building
 4, Section D
 700 Robbins Avenue
 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19111-5094
 Telephone (215) 697-6396
 Facsimile (215) 697-9398.

Commercial specifications and standards, which may be referenced in the contract specification or any sub-tier specification or standard, are not available from Government sources and should be obtained from the publishers.

(NAVSEA) (SEP 2009)

- (a) Contract Specifications. The Government will furnish, if not included as an attachment to the contract, any unique contract specifications set forth in Section C.
- (b) Contract Drawings and Data. The Government will furnish contract drawings, design agent drawings, ship construction drawings, and/or other design or alteration data cited or referenced in Section C or in the contract specification as mandatory for use or for contract guidance.
- (c) Government Furnished Information (GFI). GFI is defined as that information essential for the installation, test, operation, and interface support of all Government Furnished Material enumerated on NAVSEA Form 4205/19 or Schedule A, as applicable, attached to the contract. The Government shall furnish only the GFI identified on the NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable, attached to the contract. The GFI furnished to the contractor need not be in any particular format. Further, the Government reserves the right to revise the listing of GFI on the NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable, as follows:

(1) The Contracting Officer may at any time by written order:

- (i) delete, supersede, or revise, in whole or in part, data listed or specifically referenced in NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable; or
- (ii) add items of data or information to NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable; or
- (iii) establish or revise due dates for items of data or information in NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable.

(2) If any action taken by the Contracting Officer pursuant to subparagraph (1) immediately above causes an increase or decrease in the costs of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the work under this contract, the contractor may be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the contract amount and delivery schedule in accordance with the procedures provided for in the clause of this contract entitled "CHANGES--COST- REIMBURSEMENT" (FAR 52.243-2) or "CHANGES--TIME-AND-MATERIALS OR LABOR-HOURS" (FAR 52.243-3).

(d) Except for the Government information and data specified by paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) above, the Government will not be obligated to furnish the Contractor any specification, standard, drawing, technical documentation, or other publication, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the contract specifications, the GFI listed on the NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable, the clause of this contract entitled "GOVERNMENT PROPERTY" (FAR 52.245-1) or "GOVERNMENT PROPERTY INSTALLATION OPERATION SERVICES " (FAR 52.245-2), as applicable, or any other term or condition of this contract.

(e) Referenced Documentation. The Government will not be obligated to furnish Government specifications and standards, including Navy standard and type drawings and other technical documentation, which are referenced directly or indirectly in the contract specifications set forth in Section C and which are applicable to this contract as specifications. Such referenced documentation may be obtained:

- (1) From the ASSIST database via the internet at <http://assist.daps.dla.mil/>; or
- (2) By submitting a request to the
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Commercial specifications and standards, which may be referenced in the contract specification or any sub-tier specification or standard, are not available from Government sources and should be obtained from the publishers.

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HQ C-2-0033 LIMITATION OF LIABILITY - HIGH VALUE ITEMS (NAVSEA) (JUN 1992)

The following items are subject to the clause of this contract entitled "LIMITATION OF LIABILITY--HIGH VALUE ITEMS" (FAR 52.246-24): *

*To be determined in each Delivery Order, as applicable.

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HQ C-2-0037 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST (NAVSEA) (JUL 2000)

(a) "Organizational Conflict of Interest" means that because of other activities or relationships with other persons, a person is unable or potentially unable to render impartial assistance or advice to the Government, or the person's objectivity in performing the contract work is or might be otherwise impaired, or a person has an unfair competitive advantage. "Person" as used herein includes Corporations, Partnerships, Joint Ventures, and other business enterprises.

(b) The Contractor warrants that to the best of its knowledge and belief, and except as otherwise set forth in the contract, the Contractor does not have any organizational conflict of interest(s) as defined in paragraph (a).

(c) It is recognized that the effort to be performed by the Contractor under this contract may create a potential organizational conflict of interest on the instant contract or on a future acquisition. In order to avoid this potential conflict of interest, and at the same time to avoid prejudicing the best interest of the Government, the right of the Contractor to participate in future procurement of equipment and/or services that are the subject of any work under this contract shall be limited as described below in accordance with the requirements of FAR 9.5.

(d) (1) The Contractor agrees that it shall not release, disclose, or use in any way that would permit or result in disclosure to any party outside the Government any information provided to the Contractor by the Government during or as a result of performance of this contract. Such information includes, but is not limited to, information submitted to the Government on a confidential basis by other persons. Further, the prohibition against release of Government provided information extends to cover such information whether or not in its original form, e.g., where the information has been included in Contractor generated work or where it is discernible from materials incorporating or based upon such information. This prohibition shall not expire after a given period of time.

(2) The Contractor agrees that it shall not release, disclose, or use in any way that would permit or result in disclosure to any party outside the Government any information generated or derived during or as a result of performance of this contract. This prohibition shall expire after a period of three years after completion of performance of this contract.

(3) The prohibitions contained in subparagraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) shall apply with equal force to any affiliate of the Contractor, any subcontractor, consultant, or employee of the Contractor, any joint venture involving the Contractor, any entity into or with which it may merge or affiliate, or any successor or assign of the Contractor. The terms of paragraph (f) of this Special Contract Requirement relating to notification shall apply to any release of information in contravention of this paragraph (d).

(e) The Contractor further agrees that, during the performance of this contract and for a period of three years after completion of performance of this contract, the Contractor, any affiliate of the Contractor, any subcontractor, consultant, or employee of the Contractor, any joint venture involving the Contractor, any entity into or with which it may subsequently merge or affiliate, or any other successor or assign of the Contractor, shall not furnish to the United States Government, either as a prime contractor or as a subcontractor, or as a consultant to a prime contractor or subcontractor, any system, component or services which is the subject of the work to be performed

under this contract. This exclusion does not apply to any recompetition for those systems, components or services furnished pursuant to this contract. As provided in FAR 9.505-2, if the Government procures the system, component, or services on the basis of work statements growing out of the effort performed under this contract, from a source other than the contractor, subcontractor, affiliate, or assign of either, during the course of performance of this contract or before the three year period following completion of this contract has lapsed, the Contractor may, with the authorization of the cognizant Contracting Officer, participate in a subsequent procurement for the same system, component, or service. In other words, the Contractor may be authorized to compete for procurement(s) for systems, components or services subsequent to an intervening procurement.

(f) The Contractor agrees that, if after award, it discovers an actual or potential organizational conflict of interest, it shall make immediate and full disclosure in writing to the Contracting Officer. The notification shall include a description of the actual or potential organizational conflict of interest, a description of the action which the Contractor has taken or proposes to take to avoid, mitigate, or neutralize the conflict, and any other relevant information that would assist the Contracting Officer in making a determination on this matter. Notwithstanding this notification, the Government may terminate the contract for the convenience of the Government if determined to be in the best interest of the Government.

(g) Notwithstanding paragraph (f) above, if the Contractor was aware, or should have been aware, of an organizational conflict of interest prior to the award of this contract or becomes, or should become, aware of an organizational conflict of interest after award of this contract and does not make an immediate and full disclosure in writing to the Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate this contract for default.

(h) If the Contractor takes any action prohibited by this requirement or fails to take action required by this requirement, the Government may terminate this contract for default.

(i) The Contracting Officer's decision as to the existence or nonexistence of an actual or potential organizational conflict of interest shall be final.

(j) Nothing in this requirement is intended to prohibit or preclude the Contractor from marketing or selling to the United States Government its product lines in existence on the effective date of this contract; nor, shall this requirement preclude the Contractor from participating in any research and development or delivering any design development model or prototype of any such equipment. Additionally, sale of catalog or standard commercial items are exempt from this requirement.

(k) The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, if it has been tasked to evaluate or advise the Government concerning its own products or activities or those of a competitor in order to ensure proper safeguards exist to guarantee objectivity and to protect the Government's interest.

(l) The Contractor shall include this requirement in subcontracts of any tier which involve access to information or situations/conditions covered by the preceding paragraphs, substituting "subcontractor" for "contractor" where appropriate.

(m) The rights and remedies described herein shall not be exclusive and are in addition to other rights and remedies provided by law or elsewhere included in this contract.

(n) Compliance with this requirement is a material requirement of this contract.

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HQ C-2-0041 PRINTING OF TECHNICAL MANUALS, PUBLICATIONS, CHANGES, REVISIONS AND AMENDMENTS (NAVSEA) (APR 2015)

(a) The printing, duplication, and binding of all technical manuals, books, and other publications, and changes, amendments, and revisions thereto, including all copies and portions of such documents which are required to be prepared and furnished under this contract for review, approval or otherwise, shall be accomplished in accordance with the following:

and;

DOD Instruction 5330.03, Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Document Services of February 8, 2006

(1) Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Subparts 8.8 and 17.5, as in effect on the date of this contract

(2) "Government Printing and Binding Regulations", published by the Joint Committee on Printing, Congress of the United States, as in effect on the date of this contract.

(b) Publications and other printed or duplicated material which (1) are prepared and carried by equipment manufacturers for regular commercial sale or use, and (2) require no significant modification for military use or to meet the requirements of this contract, or (3) are normally supplied for commercial equipment, shall be provided by the Contractor. Except for material falling within (1) through (3) of this paragraph, the printing of technical manuals, publications, changes, revisions, or amendments by the Contractor or subcontractor is prohibited.

(c) The Contractor shall have the printing and binding of final approved technical manuals, publications, changes, revisions and amendments thereto, as required under this contract (whether prepared by the Contractor or a subcontractor), printed at Government expense by or through the DLA Document Services in the Naval District in which the Contractor is located, in accordance with the following general procedures:

(1) Prior to preparation of materials for printing (photolithographic negatives, camera-ready copies or digital media (CD/DVD)) by the Contractor or a subcontractor, the Contractor shall make arrangements with the DLA Document Services and with the designated Contract Administration Office for printing and binding which shall include:

(i) Citation of contract number;

(ii) Security classification of materials to be printed

Establishment of a schedule for printing, including estimated delivery date to DLA Document

Services;

- (iii) Provisions for furnishing photolithographic negatives or camera-ready copies and art work in the proper sequence for printing;
 - (iv) A check-off list to verify the printing sequence of text pages and foldouts in the form prescribed by DLA Document Services;
 - (v) Complete printing instructions, which shall specify colors, if required for specific pages, the trim size, including apron, if required, for each foldout/in or chart, or other unique requirements;
 - (vi) Type of binding (side stitch, perfect bound, saddle stitch, glue bound, tape bound plastic comb/wire bound, loose leaf, screw posts, etc.); and
 - (vii) Other instructions, as applicable, such as packing instructions, banded, shrink pack, strap, binders, fill and seal cartons/boxes, inset padding of any type of envelope, water type packaging or other container quantity for each addressee, required delivery schedule, or delivery instructions. (The Contractor shall provide an address list and addressed mailing labels for each addressee).
 - (viii) Special handling of classified materials from Confidential up to Top Secret requiring printing through DLA Document Services or the GPO are managed in accordance with DODD 5200.32. Contact the appropriate DLA Document Services location before delivering classified originals to ensure proper handling and disposition.
- (2) The Contractor shall ship the complete set of photolithographic negatives, camera-ready copies or digital media (CD/DVD) required to be printed in accordance with the detailed procedures specified by DLA Document Services. All transportation charges are paid to DLA Document Services or a contract printer designated by DLA Document Services.
- (3) For steam and electrical plant composite diagrams, the Contractor shall provide an original Mylar print or digital media (CD/DVD) of the diagram to the DLA Document Services with a guide indicating the color of each line. DLA Document Services, or via the GPO, will prepare the color separation negatives for the composite diagram and return those to the Contractor for editorial review. DLA Document Services will correct any errors and print the corrected composite diagram.
- (4) DLA Document Services will furnish or provide for all supplies and services (including binders) which are necessary to accomplish the printing and binding.
- (5) DLA Document Services will pack and ship or provide for packing and shipping of the printed material to the Contractor and the distribution list furnished by the Contractor in accordance with the printing order, unless distribution by the Contractor is otherwise required by the terms of the contract, the specifications, or otherwise, in which case the printed and bound publications will be returned to the Contractor for distribution.
- (6) DLA Document Services will pack and ship the material used for printing to the DLA Document Services, 4th Naval District (Philadelphia, PA), for storage.
- (d)(1) In establishing the schedule for printing, the Contractor shall provide for furnishing the photolithographic negatives, camera-ready copies or digital media (CD/DVD) to DLA Document Services in time to allow at least the minimum number of working days specified in the schedule below (eight-hour day, five days per week exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays) from date of acceptance of material for printing at DLA Document Services to date of shipment of printed material from DLA Document Services.

<u>Printing</u>	<u>Minimum number of working days required by DLA Document Services</u>
Up to 200 copies per original	30
201 through 400 copies per original	40
401 through 600 copies per original	50
601 copies per original and over	60

(2) If DLA Document Services exceeds the delivery requirements established in accordance with paragraph (c)(1)(iii), for the item(s) specified, the time shall be extended by an equivalent number of working days, provided that the Contractor requests such extension(s), in writing, to the Contracting Officer and submits with its request sufficient evidence to enable the Contracting Officer to determine the validity of the Contractor's request.

(e) The Contractor shall not be responsible for the quality, or quality control, of printing performed by DLA Document Services or a printer under contract to DLA Document Services; and, the Government shall reimburse the Contractor for any costs incurred for replacement of material lost or damaged by DLA Document Services or a printer under contract to DLA Document Services.

(f) The costs of printing, binding, packing and shipping by DLA Document Services of the publications and changes described herein (but not the costs of preparing photolithographic negatives, camera-ready copies and other materials for printing or the costs of transporting or shipping such materials to DLA Document Services or a contract printer designated by DLA Document Services) shall be borne by the Government.

HQ C-2-0044 PROTECTION OF THE VESSEL (NAVSEA) (SEP 1990)

(a) The Contractor shall exercise reasonable care, as agreed upon with the Supervisor, to protect the vessel from fire, and shall maintain a system of inspection over the activities of its welders, burners, riveters, painters, pipe fitters, and similar workers, and of its subcontractors, particularly where such activities are undertaken in the vicinity of the vessel's magazines, fuel oil tanks, or store rooms containing inflammable materials. All ammunition, fuel oil, motor fuels, and cleaning fluids shall have been off-loaded and the tanks cleaned, except as may be mutually agreed upon between the Contractor and the Supervisor prior to work on the vessel by the Contractor. Fire hose lines shall be maintained by the Contractor ready for immediate use on the vessel at all times while the vessel is berthed alongside the Contractor's pier or in dry dock. All tanks under alteration or repair shall be cleaned, washed, and steamed out or otherwise made safe to the extent necessary, and the Contractor shall furnish the vessel's Gas Free Officer and the Supervisor with a "Gas Chemists' Certificate" before any hot work is done. The Contractor shall maintain a fire watch aboard the vessel in areas where the Contractor is working. All other fire watches aboard the vessel shall be the responsibility of the Government.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in contractually invoked technical specifications or NAVSEA furnished directives, while the vessel is at the Contractor's plant and when the temperature becomes as low as thirty-five degrees Fahrenheit, the Contractor shall assist the Government when requested in keeping all pipe-lines, fixtures, traps, tanks, and other receptacles on the vessel drained to avoid damage from freezing, or if this is not practicable, the vessel shall be kept heated to prevent such damage. The vessel's stern tube and propeller hubs shall be protected by the Contractor from frost damage by applied heat through the use of a salamander or other proper means.

(c) The work shall, whenever practicable, be performed in such manner as not to interfere with the work performed by military personnel attached to the vessel, and provisions shall be made so that personnel assigned shall have access to the vessel at all times, it being understood that such personnel will not unduly interfere with the work of the Contractor's workmen.

(d) The Contractor shall at all times keep the site of the work on the vessel free from accumulation of waste material or rubbish caused by its employees, or the work performed by the Contractor in accordance with this contract, and at the completion of such work shall remove all rubbish from and about the site of the work, and shall leave the work in its immediate vicinity "broom clean", unless more exactly specified by the Supervisor.

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HQ C-2-0045 QUALIFICATION OF CONTRACTOR NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING (NDT) PERSONNEL (NAVSEA) (APR 2015)

(a) The Contractor and any Nondestructive Testing (NDT) subcontractor shall utilize for the performance of required NDT, only Level I, II and III personnel currently certified in accordance with NAVSEA Technical Publication T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Revision 1 of 11 September 2014. Documentation pertaining to the qualification and certification of NDT personnel shall be made available to the Contracting Officer for review upon request.

(b) These requirements do not apply with respect to nuclear propulsion plant systems and other matters under the technical cognizance of SEA 08. Because of health and safety considerations, such matters will continue to be handled as directed by SEA 08.

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HQ C-2-0047 REMOVALS (NAVSEA) (SEP 1990)

The Contracting Officer may, by written notice to the Contractor, direct removal of any or all of the property from storage. Within the shortest practicable time after receipt of such notice, but in no event more than thirty (30) days thereafter, unless a longer period is agreed to by the parties hereto, the Contractor will dismantle, prepare for shipment and load the item of property affected, on a common carrier at the place of storage in accordance with sound industrial practice and such instructions as the Contracting Officer may issue. The Contracting Officer may, by written notice to the Contractor direct the return of any item of the property removed, and the Contractor shall store the property at the Plant as provided for in Section F. In the event such items are removed and forwarded to a Government depot or to a party other than the Contractor, removal and return to storage of said items shall be at the expense of the Government.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ C-2-0051 SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS (NAVSEA) (AUG 1994)

(a) Definitions.

(i) A "zero-tier reference" is a specification, standard, or drawing that is cited in the contract (including its attachments).

(ii) A "first-tier reference" is either: (1) a specification, standard, or drawing cited in a zero-tier reference, or (2) a specification cited in a first-tier drawing.

(b) Requirements.

All zero-tier and first-tier references, as defined above, are mandatory for use. All lower tier references shall be used for guidance only.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ C-2-0053 STANDARDIZATION - ALTERNATE I (NAVSEA) (MAR 2011)

(a) In order to support commonality and or standardization, variation within systems, sub-systems and components across the fleet must be reduced. When it is necessary for the Contractor to replace equipment

(e.g., changes have been made to requirements, systems, sub-systems or components) or where such sub-systems, equipments or components are not available, the Contractor shall select Hull Mechanical and Electrical (HM&E) equipment/components in the following order:

(b) The Virtual Shelf items are to be applied if they meet the contract requirements. The Virtual Shelf is a repository of Total Ownership Cost (TOC) preferred Common designs. NAVSEA Commonality Program identified HM&E equipment/components for the Virtual Shelf that meet cross platform requirements and specifications and provide superior TOC. Information to gain access to the Virtual Shelf is located on the following web site: <http://acc.dau.mil/commonality>.

Some equipment listed on the Virtual Shelf may have supporting commodity contracts. For the Virtual Shelf Items supported by commodity contracts, a supporting commodity contract will appear in the HM&E corridor of the DoD EMail (<https://dod-email.dla.mil/acct/welcome.action>). These contracts include provisions for direct contractor orders against the contracts. The Contractor will contact the Procuring Contracting Officer (PCO) listed in Section G of this contract and request instructions to register to place orders through the DoD EMail. When Shelf items are available that meet all contract requirements, the Contractor shall design, plan, procure and install according to Shelf guidance. If Shelf items are available and the Contractor intends to use a design other than that on the Shelf, the Contractor shall request a deviation from the Shelf in accordance with CDRL and configuration management procedures specified elsewhere in the contract.

(c) For Contractor Furnished HM&E equipment that meet the contract requirements, have an APL assigned and meet at least one of the following requirements, only a Statement of Prior Submission (SPS) is required. The SPS will be prepared in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items 009-19.

- (1) Are in use on current ships of the LCS Ship class and are listed in HM&E Equipment Data Research System (HEDRS) with an Engineering Support Code (ESC) of either A, *, G, S, X, Z, P.
- (2) Are listed in HM&E Equipment Data Research System (HEDRS) with an Engineering Support Code (ESC) of either A, *, G, S, X, Z, P.
- (3) Have the same form, fit, function of the equipments and components on current ships of the LCS Ship class.

(d) For HM&E equipment that meet the contract requirements and have no assigned APL (non-standard equipment), or for non-standard HM&E equipment, Provisioning Technical Documentation (PTD) shall be submitted in accordance NAVSEA Standard Item 009-19, Provisioning Technical Documentation, and the requirements of the CDRL, Exhibit(s).

(e) For non-standard HM&E equipment that does not meet the requirements of paragraph (b) above, new/revised technical manuals shall be developed in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items 009-39, Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR) for New Technical Manuals for Commercial Equipment/Component, 009-41, Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR) for a Topically Structured Technical Manual, and 009-42, Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR) for Updating Technical Manuals. Technical manual management data shall include those deliverable data items required for Government monitoring/tracking/approval of Contractor's technical manual efforts and the requirements of CDRL Exhibit(s).

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ C-2-0056 TESTS AND TRIALS (NAVSEA) (OCT 1990)

During the conduct of required tests and trials, the vessel shall be under the control of the vessel's Commander and crew with representatives of the Contractor and the Government on board to determine whether or not the work done by the Contractor has been satisfactorily performed. The Contractor shall provide and install all fittings

and appliances which may be necessary for dock and sea trials to enable the representatives of the Government to determine whether the requirements of the contract have been met, and the Contractor shall install and remove instruments and apparatus furnished by the Government for such trials, as required by the specifications.

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HQ C-2-0059 UPDATING SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS (NAVSEA) (AUG 1994)

If, during the performance of this or any other contract, the contractor believes that any contract contains outdated or different versions of any specifications or standards, the contractor may request that all of its contracts be updated to include the current version of the applicable specification or standard. Updating shall not affect the form, fit or function of any deliverable item or increase the cost/price of the item to the Government. The contractor should submit update requests to the Procuring Contracting Officer with copies to the Administrative Contracting Officer and cognizant program office representative for approval. The contractor shall perform the contract in accordance with the existing specifications and standards until notified of approval/disapproval by the Procuring Contracting Officer. Any approved alternate specifications or standards will be incorporated into the contract.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ C-2-0063 USE OF NAVY SUPPORT CONTRACTORS FOR OFFICIAL CONTRACT FILES (NAVSEA) (APR 2004)

(a) NAVSEA may use a file room management support contractor, hereinafter referred to as "the support contractor", to manage its file room, in which all official contract files, including the official file supporting this procurement, are retained. These official files may contain information that is considered a trade secret, proprietary, business sensitive or otherwise protected pursuant to law or regulation, hereinafter referred to as "protected information". File room management services consist of any of the following: secretarial or clerical support; data entry; document reproduction, scanning, imaging, or destruction; operation, management, or maintenance of paper-based or electronic mail rooms, file rooms, or libraries; and supervision in connection with functions listed herein.

(b) The cognizant Contracting Officer will ensure that any NAVSEA contract under which these file room management services are acquired will contain a requirement that:

- (1) The support contractor not disclose any information;
 - (2) Individual employees are to be instructed by the support contractor regarding the sensitivity of the official contract files;
 - (3) The support contractor performing these services be barred from providing any other supplies and/or services, or competing to do so, to NAVSEA for the period of performance of its contract and for an additional three years thereafter unless otherwise provided by law or regulation; and,
 - (4) In addition to any other rights the contractor may have, it is a third party beneficiary who has the right of direct action against the support contractor, or any person to whom the support contractor has released or disclosed protected information, for the unauthorized duplication, release, or disclosure of such protected information.
- (c) Execution of this contract by the contractor is considered consent to NAVSEA's permitting access to any information, irrespective of restrictive markings or the nature of the information submitted, by its file room management support contractor for the limited purpose of executing its file room support contract responsibilities.

(d) NAVSEA may, without further notice, enter into contracts with other contractors for these services. Contractors are free to enter into separate non-disclosure agreements with the file room contractor. (Please

contact Director, E Business Division for contractor specifics.) However, any such agreement will not be considered a prerequisite before information submitted is stored in the file room or otherwise encumber the government.

HQ C-2-0066 CONTRACTOR SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCESS TO NAVSEA/PEO SITE (NAVSEA) (MAY 2012)

- (a) Contractor personnel shall comply with all badging and security procedures required to gain access to any NAVSEA/PEO site. Contact the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) for specific requirements.
- (b) Contractors are required to adhere to the requirements of 29 CFR 1910, 29 CFR 1926 and applicable state and local requirements while in NAVSEA/PEO government spaces. Contractors who are injured on site shall notify SEA 04RS, Safety Office, via the COR.
- (c) NAVSEA/PEO site facilities are low to mid-rise buildings with elevators and a contractor operated restaurant facility in building 197. Utility areas, electrical/phone closets and the roof are generally secured areas with restricted access. NAVSEA/PEO HQ sites generally exhibit low hazards with no personal protection equipment (PPE) requirements. Hazards are those typically found in an office environment. Slips, trips and falls on wet/icy surfaces, pest control, and ergonomic concerns are the primary hazards. It is expected that contractor employees will have received training from their employer on hazards associated with the areas in which they will be working and know what to do in order to protect themselves.
- (d) Contractors whose employees perform work within NAVSEA/PEO government spaces in excess of 1000 hours per calendar quarter during a calendar year shall submit the data elements on OSHA Form 300A, Summary of Work Related Injuries and Illnesses, for those employees to SEA 04RS via the Contracting Officer's Representative by 15 January for the previous calendar year, even if no work related injuries or illnesses occurred.
- (e) Any contractor employee exhibiting unsafe behavior may be removed from the NAVSEA/PEO site. Such removal shall not relieve the contractor from meeting its contractual obligations and shall not be considered an excusable delay as defined in FAR 52.249-14.

Section D - Packaging and Marking

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ D-1-0001 Data Packaging (NAVSEA) OCT 2016

Data to be delivered by Integrated Digital Environment (IDE) or other electronic media shall be as specified in the contract.

All unclassified data to be shipped shall be prepared for shipment in accordance with best commercial practice.

Classified reports, data, and documentation shall be prepared for shipment in accordance with National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual (NISPOM), DOD 5220.22-M dated 28 February 2006 with Change 2 dated 18 May 2016.

(End of Clause)

HQ D-1-0007 WARRANTY NOTIFICATION FOR ITEM(S) * - ALTERNATE I (NAVSEA) (APR 2015)

The Contractor shall apply a permanent warranty notification stamping or marking on each warranted deliverable end item and its container in accordance with MIL-STD-129R dated 18 February 2014 and MIL-STD-130N(1) dated 16

November 2012. The notification shall be placed in close proximity to other required stamping or markings so as to be easily readable by personnel. The warranty notification shall read:

THIS ITEM WARRANTED UNDER CONTRACT N00024-18-D-4329
 _____ TO CONFORM TO DESIGN, MANUFACTURING,
 AND PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS AND BE FREE FROM DEFECTS
 IN MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP FOR _____ FROM
 DATE OF ACCEPTANCE. IF ITEM IS DEFECTIVE NOTIFY AND
 PCO.

HQ D-2-0007 MARKING AND PACKING LIST(S) - ALTERNATE I (NAVSEA) (APR 2015)

(a) Marking. Shipments, shipping containers and palletized unit loads shall be marked in accordance with MIL-STD-129R dated 18 February 2014.

(b) Packing List(s). A packing list (DD Form 250 Material Inspection and Receiving Report may be used) identifying the contents of each shipment, shipping container or palletized unit load shall be provided by the Contractor with each shipment in accordance with the above cited MIL-STD. When a contract line item identified under a single stock number includes an assortment of related items such as kit or set components, detached parts or accessories, installation hardware or material, the packing list(s) shall identify the assorted items.

Where DD Form 1348-1 or DD Form 1348-1A is applicable and an assortment of related items is included in the shipping container, a packing list identifying the contents shall be furnished.

(c) Master Packing List. In addition to the requirements in paragraph (b) above, a master packing list shall be prepared where more than one shipment, shipping container or palletized unit load comprise the contract line item being shipped. The master packing list shall be attached to the number one container and so identified.

(d) Part Identification. All items within the kit, set, installation hardware or material shall be suitably segregated and identified within the unit pack(s) or shipping container by part number and/or national stock number. Refer to the above cited MIL-STD for marking of assorted (related-unrelated) items.

Section E - Inspection and Acceptance

INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE TERMS

Supplies/services will be inspected/accepted at:

CLIN	INSPECT AT	INSPECT BY	ACCEPT AT	ACCEPT BY
0001	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government
0002	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government
0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government
0004	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government
0005	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government
0006	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government
0007	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government
0008	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government
0009	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

52.246-2	Inspection Of Supplies--Fixed Price	AUG 1996
52.246-3	Inspection Of Supplies Cost-Reimbursement	MAY 2001
52.246-16	Responsibility For Supplies	APR 1984

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

52.246-11 HIGHER-LEVEL CONTRACT QUALITY REQUIREMENT (DEC 2014)

(a) The Contractor shall comply with the higher-level quality standard(s) listed below.

Title	Date	Tailoring
ANSI/ISO/ASQ 9001-2008	Contract award to 01 September 2018	Contractor shall comply with the current NAVSEA Standard Item 009-04.
ANSI/ISO/ASQ 9001-2015	01 September 2018	Contractor shall comply with the updated FY19 NAVSEA Standard Item 009-04.

(b) The Contractor shall include applicable requirements of the higher-level quality standard(s) listed in paragraph

(1) (a) of this clause and the requirement to flow down such standards, as applicable, to lower-tier subcontracts, in-- Any subcontract for critical and complex items (see 46.203(b) and (c)); or

(2) When the technical requirements of a subcontract require--

(i) Control of such things as design, work operations, in-process control, testing, and inspection; or

(ii) Attention to such factors as organization, planning, work instructions, documentation control, and advanced metrology.

(End of clause)

52.246-18 WARRANTY OF SUPPLIES OF A COMPLEX NATURE (MAY 2001)

(a) Definitions.

"Acceptance," as used in this clause, means the act of an authorized representative of the Government by which the Government assumes for itself, or as an agent of another, ownership of existing and identified supplies, or approves specific services rendered, as partial or complete performance of the contract.

"Correction," as used in this clause, means the elimination of a defect.

"Supplies," as used in this clause, means the end items furnished by the Contractor and related services required under this contract. The word does not include "data."

(b) Contractor's obligations. (1) The Contractor warrants that for * all supplies furnished under this contract will be free from defects in material and workmanship and will conform with all requirements of this contract; provided, however, that with respect to Government-furnished property, the Contractor's warranty shall extend only to its proper installation, unless the Contractor performs some modification or other work on the property, in

which case the Contractor's warranty shall extend to the modification or other work.

(2) Any supplies or parts thereof corrected or furnished in replacement shall be subject to the conditions of this clause to the same extent as supplies initially delivered. This warranty shall be equal in duration to that set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause and shall run from the date of delivery of the corrected or replaced supplies.

(3) The Contractor shall not be obligated to correct or replace supplies if the facilities, tooling, drawings, or other equipment or supplies necessary to accomplish the correction or replacement have been made unavailable to the Contractor by action of the Government. In the event that correction or replacement has been directed, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the nonavailability.

(4) The Contractor shall also prepare and furnish to the Government data and reports applicable to any correction required (including revision and updating of all affected data called for under this contract) at no increase in the contract price.

(5) When supplies are returned to the Contractor, the Contractor shall bear the transportation costs from the place of delivery specified in the contract (irrespective of the f.o.b. point or the point of acceptance) to the Contractor's plant and return.

(6) All implied warranties of merchantability and "fitness for a particular purpose" are excluded from any obligation contained in this contract.

Remedies available to the Government. (1) In the event of a breach of the Contractor's warranty in paragraph(b)(1) of this clause, the Government may, at no increase in contract price--

(i) Require the Contractor, at the place of delivery specified in the contract (irrespective of the f.o.b. point or the point of acceptance) or at the Contractor's plant, to repair or replace, at the Contractor's election, defective or nonconforming supplies; or

(ii) Require the Contractor to furnish at the Contractor's plant the materials or parts and installation instructions required to successfully accomplish the correction.

(2) If the Contracting Officer does not require correction or replacement of defective or nonconforming supplies or the Contractor is not obligated to correct or replace under paragraph (b)(3) of this clause, the Government shall be entitled to an equitable reduction in the contract price.

(3) The Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor in writing of any breach of the warranty in paragraph (b) of this clause within * . The Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer a written recommendation within * as to the corrective action required to remedy the breach. After the notice of breach, but not later than * after receipt of the Contractor's recommendation for corrective action, the Contracting Officer may, in writing, direct correction or replacement as in paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, and the Contractor shall, notwithstanding any disagreement regarding the existence of a breach of warranty, comply with this direction. If it is later determined that the Contractor did not breach the warranty in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the contract price will be equitably adjusted.

(4) If supplies are corrected or replaced, the period for notification of a breach of the Contractor's warranty in paragraph (c)(3) of this clause shall be * from the furnishing or return by the Contractor to the Government of the corrected or replaced supplies or parts thereof, or, if correction or replacement is effected by the Contractor at a Government or other activity, for * thereafter.

(5) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause are in addition to and do not limit any rights afforded to the Government by any other clause of the contract.

(End of clause)

*To be determined in each Delivery Order, as applicable.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ E-1-0001 INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE OF DATA (NAVSEA) (SEP 1990)

Inspection and acceptance of all data shall be as specified on the attached Contract Data Requirements List(s), DD Form 1423.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

Item(s) * - Inspection and acceptance shall be made at destination by a representative of the Government.

*To be determined in each Delivery Order, as applicable.

Item(s) * - The Government may accept, conditionally accept, or reject the Provisioning Technical Documentation (PTD) within sixty days after its delivery, or as specified on the applicable CDRL(s). A notice of conditional acceptance shall state any corrective action required by the Contractor. If PTD is rejected, the Contractor may be required, at the option of the Government, to correct any or all of the PTD. The Contractor shall at no additional cost to the Government make any necessary changes, modifications or corrections to the PTD. The Government shall take action on the corrected PTD within the time limit specified above. Government action under this requirement shall not affect or limit any other rights it may have under this contract.

*To be determined in each Delivery Order, as applicable.

HQ E-2-0002 ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO CORRECTION OF DEFECTS (NAVSEA) (OCT 1990) *Applicable only to CPFF CLINs

In case any work done or materials or supplies furnished by the Contractor under this contract for any vessel, or the equipment thereof, shall within sixty (60) days of delivery of the vessel to the Government, or the date of final acceptance, whichever occurs first, prove defective or deficient, such defects or deficiencies shall, as required by the Government, be corrected or repaired by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Contracting Officer; provided, however, that with respect to any individual work item which is incomplete or deficient at the time of delivery or acceptance, the Contractor's obligation under this requirement to correct or repair such deficiency shall extend sixty (60) days from the date of such correction or repair, whichever occurs first. The Contractor shall be entitled to allowable costs for corrections or repairs performed in accordance with this requirement but shall not be entitled to any additional fee for such work.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ E-2-0008 INSPECTION AND TEST RECORDS (NAVSEA) MAY 1995)

Inspection and Test Records: Inspection and test records shall, as a minimum, indicate the nature of the observations, number of observations made, and the number and type of deficiencies found. Data included in inspection and test records shall be complete and accurate, and shall be used for trend analysis and to assess corrective action and effectiveness.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ E-2-0015 QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS (NAVSEA) (APR 2017)

Quality Management System Requirements. The Contractor shall provide and maintain a quality management system

that, as a minimum, adheres to the requirements of ANSI/ISO/ASQ 9001-2015 Quality Management Systems and supplemental requirements imposed by this contract. The quality management system procedures, planning, and all other documentation and data that comprise the quality management system shall be made available to the Government for review. Existing quality documents that meet the requirements of this contract may continue to be used. The Government may perform any necessary inspections, verifications, and evaluations to ascertain conformance to requirements and the adequacy of the implementing procedures. The Contractor shall require of subcontractors a quality management system achieving control of the quality of the services and/or supplies provided. The Government reserves the right to disapprove the quality management system or portions thereof when it fails to meet the contractual requirements.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ E-2-0017 USE OF CONTRACTOR'S INSPECTION EQUIPMENT (NAVSEA) (MAY 1995)

Use of Contractor's Inspection Equipment: The contractor's gages, and measuring and testing devices shall be made available for use by the Government when required to determine conformance with contract requirements. If conditions warrant, the contractor's personnel shall be made available for operations of such devices and for verification of their accuracy and condition.

Section F - Deliveries or Performance

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

52.242-15	Stop-Work Order	AUG 1989
52.242-15 Alt I	Stop-Work Order (Aug 1989) - Alternate I	APR 1984
52.242-17	Government Delay Of Work	APR 1984
52.247-34	F.O.B. Destination	NOV 1991
52.247-48	F.O.B. Destination--Evidence Of Shipment	FEB 1999

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ F-2-0004 F.O.B. DESTINATION (NAVSEA) (APR 2015)

All supplies hereunder shall be delivered with all transportation charges prepaid, in accordance with the clause hereof entitled "F.O.B. DESTINATION" (FAR 52.247-34) in accordance with the delivery instructions specified herein.

The Contractor shall not ship directly to a military air or water port terminal without authorization by the cognizant Contract Administration Office.

Except when the Material Inspection and Receiving Report (MIRR) (DD 250) is used as an invoice, the Contractor shall enter unit prices on all MIRR copies. Contract line items shall be priced using actual prices, or if not available, estimated prices. When the price is estimated, an "E" shall be entered after the price.

All data to be furnished under this contract shall be delivered prepaid to destination(s) at the time(s) specified on the Contract Data Requirements List(s), DD Form 1423.

Section G - Contract Administration Data – No flow-down requirements

Section H – Special Contract Requirements

DELIVERY ORDER REQUIREMENTS

DOs will provide more detailed requirements than those provided in the basic contract award. Each DO RFP will include technical documents such as work specifications, standards, drawings, publications or other documents and statements of work to allow IDIQ-MAC holders to prepare proposals.

Whenever specifications, standards, drawings, publications or other documents are cited, the revision, date or amendment in effect as of the date of the DO RFP shall apply.

In the execution of this contract, specific references for individual items and associated referenced technical documentation shall be identified in each DO. These references may include, but are not limited to, the following documents:

1. General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships (GSO)
2. Military Standards and Military Performance Specifications
3. Technical Manuals
4. Naval Operations (OPNAV) Instructions
5. Commercial and Industry Standards
6. Government Standards, Technical Drawings and Documentation
7. Joint Fleet Maintenance Manual (JFMM)

The Contractor shall comply with all Category I NAVSEA STANDARD ITEMS invoked at the time of DO RFP issuance. Category II Standard Items shall be referenced in each applicable DO Work Item.

The Contractor shall comply with all local requirements in addition to State and Federal Environmental, Safety, and Health (ESH) regulations.

When necessary, Contract Data Requirement List (CDRL) requirements will be specific to each DO issued under this contract. These CDRLs will be identified by the Government as a part of the DO solicitation and shall be a requirement of that particular DO.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

5252.202-9101 ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS (MAY 1993)

As used throughout this contract, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

(a) DEPARTMENT means the Department of the Navy.

(b) REFERENCES TO THE FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (FAR) All references to the FAR in this contract shall be deemed to also reference the appropriate sections of the Defense FAR Supplement (DFARS), unless clearly indicated otherwise.

(c) REFERENCES TO ARMED SERVICES PROCUREMENT REGULATION OR DEFENSE ACQUISITION REGULATION All references in this document to either the Armed Services Procurement Regulation (ASPR) or the Defense Acquisition Regulation (DAR) shall be deemed to be references to the appropriate sections of the FAR/DFARS.

(d) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBERS Whenever the term Federal Item Identification Number and its acronym FIIN or the term Federal Stock Number and its acronym FSN appear in the contract, order or their cited specifications and standards, the terms and acronyms shall be interpreted as National Item Identification Number (NIIN) and National Stock Number (NSN) respectively which shall be defined as follows:

(1) National Item Identification Number (NIIN). The number assigned to each approved Item Identification under the Federal Cataloging Program. It consists of nine numeric characters, the first two of which are the National Codification Bureau (NCB) Code. The remaining positions consist of a seven digit non significant number.

National Stock Number (NSN). The National Stock Number (NSN) for an item of supply consists of the

applicable four position Federal Supply Class (FSC) plus the applicable nine position NIIN assigned to the item of supply.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

5252.217-9107 GROWTH AND NEW WORK (SEP 1990)

(a) It is the Government's intention to ensure that, where it is determined that the work will be performed by the private sector, any growth or new work identified during the overhaul will be awarded to the initial prime Contractor only if a fair and reasonable price can be negotiated for such work. If a fair and reasonable price cannot be negotiated for the above actions, the Government may, at its election, pursue any or all of the following courses of action: (1) defer the work to a repair period after completion of the instant contract; (2) accomplish the work using Government employees during the original overhaul period. (Government employees may engage in and complete the assigned work while the ship is undergoing overhaul in the initial prime Contractor's facility pursuant to the "ACCESS TO VESSEL" clause (DFARS 252.217 7011)); and/or (3) conduct a separate, competitive procurement for growth or new work. Performance will be during the original overhaul period. The initial prime Contractor and other Master Ship Repair Agreement (MSRA) holders may enter this competition. If other than the initial prime Contractor is successful, the successful Contractor may engage in and complete the work while the ship is undergoing overhaul in the initial prime Contractor's facility pursuant to the "ACCESS TO VESSEL" clause.

(b) The offeror shall include in its proposed price the cost of supporting one or more third parties (including Government employees and/or other Contractors' workers) at the overhaul site in performance of growth and/or new work, should the Government elect to pursue such a course. Increased costs that may result from third party presence as described above, may include, but are not limited to: insurance; physical plant security; reasonable access for third party workers who must transit the Contractor's facility or any other work site provided by the Contractor at which the ship may be berthed; utilities used aboard the ship or in proximity of the ship in support of the overhaul; and similar requirements. Third party presence will occur only if the prime ship repair Contractor proposes other than a fair and reasonable price. The Contractor shall price anticipated added expenses associated with third party presence as a contingency into the fixed price offered for performance of the specified work package. The Contractor shall be guided in arriving at this contingency price based on a risk assessment relative to the probability of proposing fair and reasonable prices versus reaching a potential impasse with the Government which would precipitate third party presence.

(c) This requirement does not preclude the Government from using Government employees to perform new or growth work at any time during the availability provided the use of Government employees is in the best interests of the Government.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

5252.217-9121 INDEMNIFICATION FOR ACCESS TO VESSEL (MAY 1989)

Notwithstanding any provision in the "ACCESS TO VESSEL" clause (DFARS 252.217-7011), or any other clause of the contract, the Contractor agrees to allow officers, employees, and associates of the Government, or other prime contractors with the Government and their subcontractors, and officers, employees, and associates of offerors on other contemplated work, admission to the Contractor's facilities and access to the vessel without any further request for indemnification from any party, which has not been previously included in the contract price.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

5252.223-9114 MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL OF HAZARDOUS WASTE (NOV 1996)

(a) GENERAL

(1) The Contractor shall comply with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), 10 U.S.C. 7311 and all other applicable Federal, State and local laws, codes, ordinances and regulations for the management and disposal of hazardous waste.

(2) Nothing contained in this special contract requirement shall relieve the Contractor from complying with applicable Federal, State, and local Laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations, including obtaining licenses and permits, giving notices and submitting reports, in connection with hazardous waste management and disposal in the performance of this contract. Nothing contained herein shall serve to alter either party's liability or responsibility under CERCLA.

(3) Materials contained in ship systems are not waste until after removal from the system.

(b) IDENTIFICATION OF HAZARDOUS WASTES

Work Item 077 Series and Standard Item 009-32 of this contract identifies the types and amounts of hazardous wastes that are required to be removed by the Contractor, or that are expected to be generated, during the performance of work under this contract.

(c) GENERATOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

(1) Documentation related to hazardous waste generated solely by the physical actions of ship's force or Navy employees on board the vessel shall only bear a generator identification number issued to the Navy pursuant to applicable law.

(2) Documentation related to hazardous waste generated solely by the physical actions of Contractor personnel shall only bear a generator identification number issued to the Contractor pursuant to applicable law. Regardless of the presence of other materials in or on the shipboard systems or structures which may have qualified a waste stream as hazardous, where the Contractor performs work on a system or structure using materials (whether or not the use of such materials was specified by the Navy) which by themselves would cause the waste from such work to be a hazardous waste, documentation related to such waste shall only bear a generator identification number issued to the Contractor.

(3) Documentation related to hazardous waste generated by the combined physical actions of Navy and Contractor personnel shall bear a generator identification number issued to the Contractor pursuant to applicable law and shall also cite in the remarks block a generator identification number issued to the Navy pursuant to applicable law.

(4) Notwithstanding paragraphs (c)(1) - (c)(3) above, hazardous wastes are considered to be co-generated in cases where: (a) the Contractor merely drains a system and such drainage creates hazardous waste or (b) the Contractor performs work on a system or structure using materials which by themselves would not cause the waste from such work to be hazardous waste but such work nonetheless creates a hazardous waste. Documentation related to such co-generated waste shall bear a generator identification number in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c)(3) above. In the event of a failure by the parties to agree to the assignment of a generator identification number to any hazardous waste as set forth in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(4) above, the Government may direct which party or parties shall provide generator identification numbers for the waste and such number(s) shall be used on all required documentation. Any disagreement with this direction shall be a dispute within the meaning of clause of this contract entitled "DISPUTES" (FAR 52.233-1). However, the Contractor shall not stop any work but shall continue with performance of all work under this contract as specified in the "DISPUTES" clause.

(5) Hazardous Waste Manifests For wastes described in (c)(2), (c)(3), and (c)(4) above (and (c)(5) as applicable), the Contractor shall sign the generator certification on the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest whenever use of the Manifest is required for disposal. The Contractor shall obtain concurrence with the categorization of wastes under paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) above before completion of the manifest. Manifests prepared pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) above shall be presented to the * for completion after the hazardous

waste has been identified.

(6) For purposes of paragraphs (c)(2) and (3) herein, if the Contractor, while performing work at a Government facility, cannot obtain a separate generator identification number from the State in which the availability will be performed, the Contractor shall notify * within 3 business days of receipt of written notification by the State. After obtaining * approval, the Contractor shall use the Navy site generator identification number and insert in the remarks block the contractor generator identification number issued for the site where his main facilities are located. For purposes of paragraph (c)(1) herein, if the work is being performed at a contractor facility and the Government cannot obtain a separate generator identification number for the State, the Government shall use the Contractor site generator identification number and shall cite in the remarks block a Navy generator identification number. In both instances described above, the Contractor shall prepare the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest described in paragraph (c)(6) above and present it to * for completion.

*To be determined in each Delivery Order, as applicable.

5252.227-9113 GOVERNMENT-INDUSTRY DATA EXCHANGE PROGRAM (APR 2015)

(a) The Contractor shall participate in the appropriate interchange of the Government-Industry Data Exchange Program (GIDEP) in accordance with GIDEP PUBLICATION 1 dated April 2008. Data entered is retained by the program and provided to qualified participants. Compliance with this requirement shall not relieve the Contractor from complying with any other requirement of the contract.

(b) The Contractor agrees to insert paragraph (a) of this requirement in any subcontract hereunder exceeding \$500,000.00. When so inserted, the word "Contractor" shall be changed to "Subcontractor".

(c) GIDEP materials, software and information are available without charge from:

GIDEP Operations Center
P.O. Box 8000
Corona, CA 92878-8000

Phone: (951) 898-3207
FAX: (951) 898-3250
Internet: <http://www.gidep.org>

DOCUMENTATION OF REQUESTS FOR EQUITABLE ADJUSTMENT--BASIC (SEP 2016)

(a) For the purposes of this special contract requirement, the term "change" includes not only a change that is made pursuant to a written order designated as a "change order" but also (1) an engineering change proposed by the Government or by the Contractor and (2) any act or omission to act on the part of the Government in respect of which a request is made for equitable adjustment.

(b) Whenever the Contractor requests or proposes an equitable adjustment of \$100,000 or more per vessel in respect to a change made pursuant to a written order designated as a "change order" or in respect to a proposed engineering change and whenever the Contractor requests an equitable adjustment in any amount in respect to any other act or omission to act on the part of the Government, the proposal supporting such request shall contain the following information for each individual item or element of the request:

(1) A description (i) of the work required by the contract before the change, which has been deleted by the change, and (ii) of the work deleted by the change which already has been completed. The description is to include a list of components, equipment, and other identifiable property involved. Also, the status of manufacture,

procurement, or installation of such property is to be indicated. Separate description is to be furnished for design and production work. Items of raw material, purchased parts, components and other identifiable hardware, which are made excess by the change and which are not to be retained by the Contractor, are to be listed for later disposition;

(2) Description of work necessary to undo work already completed which has been deleted by the change;

(3) Description of work not required by the terms hereof before the change, which is substituted or added by the change. A list of components and equipment (not bulk materials or items) involved should be included. Separate descriptions are to be furnished for design work and production work;

(4) Description of interference and inefficiencies in performing the change;

(5) Description of each element of disruption and exactly how work has been, or will be disrupted:

(i) The calendar period of time during which disruption occurred, or will occur;

(ii) Area(s) aboard the vessel where disruption occurred, or will occur;

(iii) Trade(s) disrupted, with a breakdown of manhours for each trade;

(iv) Scheduling of trades before, during, and after period of disruption;

(v) Description of measures taken to lessen the disruptive effect of the change;

(6) Delay in delivery attributable solely to the change;

(7) Other work attributable to the change;

(8) Supplementing the foregoing, a narrative statement of the direct "causal" relationship between any alleged Government act or omission and the claimed consequences therefor, cross-referenced to the detailed information provided as required above; and

(9) A statement setting forth a comparative enumeration of the amounts "budgeted" for the cost elements, including the material costs, labor hours and pertinent indirect costs, estimated by the Contractor in preparing its initial and ultimate proposal(s) for this contract, and the amounts claimed to have been incurred and/or projected to be incurred corresponding to each such "budgeted cost" elements.

Each proposal in excess of \$100,000 submitted in support of a claim for equitable adjustment under any requirement of this contract shall, in addition to the information required by paragraph (b) hereof, contain such information as the Contracting Officer may require with respect to each individual claim item.

(c) It is recognized that individual claims for equitable adjustment may not include all of the factors listed in paragraph (b) above. Accordingly, the Contractor is required to set forth in its proposal information only with respect to those factors which are comprehended in the individual claim for equitable adjustment. In any event, the information furnished hereunder shall be in sufficient detail to permit the Contracting Officer to cross-reference the claimed increased costs, or delay in delivery, or both, as appropriate, submitted pursuant to paragraph (c) of this requirement, with the information submitted pursuant to paragraph (b) hereof.

EQUITABLE ADJUSTMENTS: WAIVER AND RELEASE OF CLAIMS (SEP 2016)

(a) Whenever the Contractor, after receipt of a change made pursuant to the clause of this contract entitled "CHANGES" or after affirmation of a constructive change under the clause entitled "NOTIFICATION OF CHANGES" (FAR 52.243-7) (DEVIATION), submits any claim for equitable adjustment under the foregoing, such claim shall include all types of adjustments in the total amounts to which the foregoing entitle the Contractor, including but not limited to adjustments arising out of delays or disruptions or both caused by such change.

(b) Further, the Contractor agrees (except as the parties may otherwise agree) that, if required by the Contracting Officer, it will execute a release, in form and substance satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, as part of the supplemental agreement setting forth the aforesaid equitable adjustment, and that such release shall discharge the Government, its officers, agents and employees, from any further claims including but not limited to further claims arising out of delays or disruptions or both, caused by the aforesaid change.

5252.243 9113 OTHER CHANGE PROPOSALS (CT) (JAN 1990)

The Contracting Officer, in addition to proposing engineering changes pursuant to other requirements of this contract, and in addition to issuing changes pursuant to the clause of this contract entitled "CHANGES", may propose other changes within the general scope of this contract as set forth below. Within forty five (45) days from the date of receipt of any such proposed change, or within such further time as the Contracting Officer may allow, the Contractor shall submit the proposed scope of work, plans and sketches, and its estimate of: (A) the cost, (B) the weight and moment effect, (C) effect on delivery dates of the vessel(s), and (D) status of work on the vessels affected by the proposed change. The proposed scope of work and estimate of cost shall be in such form and supported by such reasonably detailed information as the Contracting Officer may require. Within sixty (60) days from the date of receipt of the Contractor's estimate, the Contractor agrees to either (A) enter into a supplemental agreement covering the estimate as submitted, or (B) if the estimate as submitted is not satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, enter into negotiations in good faith leading to the execution of a bilateral supplemental agreement. In either case, the supplemental agreement shall cover an equitable adjustment in the contract cost and fee including an equitable adjustment for the preparatory work set forth above, scope, and all other necessary equitable adjustments. The Contractor's estimate referred to in this subparagraph shall be a firm offer for sixty (60) days from and after the receipt thereof by the Contracting Officer having cognizance thereof, unless such period of time is extended by mutual consent.

(a) Pending execution of a bilateral agreement or the direction of the Contracting Officer pursuant to the "CHANGES" clause, the Contractor shall proceed diligently with contract performance without regard to the effect of any such proposed change.

(b) In the event that a change proposed by the Contracting Officer is not incorporated into the contract, the work done by the Contractor in preparing the estimate in accordance with subparagraph (a) above shall be treated as if ordered by the Contracting Officer under the "CHANGES" clause. The Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the contract cost and fee for the effort required under subparagraph (a), but the Contractor shall not be entitled to any adjustment in delivery date. Failure to agree to such equitable adjustment in the contract cost and fee shall be a dispute within the meaning of the clause of this contract entitled "DISPUTES" (FAR 52.233-1).

5252.243-9113 OTHER CHANGE PROPOSALS (FT) - ALTERNATE I (JAN 1990)

(a) The Contracting Officer, in addition to proposing engineering changes pursuant to other requirements of this contract, and in addition to issuing changes pursuant to the clause of this contract entitled "CHANGES", may propose other changes within the general scope of this contract as set forth below. Within forty five (45) days from the date of receipt of any such proposed change, or within such further time as the Contracting Officer may allow, the Contractor shall submit the proposed scope of work, plans and sketches, and its estimate of: (A) the cost, (B) the weight and moment effect, (C) effect on delivery dates of the vessel(s), and (D) status of work on the vessels affected by the proposed change. The proposed scope of work and estimate of cost shall be in such form and supported by such reasonably detailed information as the Contracting Officer may require. Within sixty (60) days from the date of receipt of the Contractor's estimate, the Contractor agrees to either (A) enter into a supplemental agreement covering the estimate as submitted, or (B) if the estimate as submitted is not satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, enter into negotiations in good faith leading to the execution of a bilateral supplemental agreement. In either case, the supplemental agreement shall cover an equitable adjustment in the contract price, including an equitable adjustment for the preparatory work set forth above, scope, and all other necessary equitable adjustments. The Contractor's estimate referred to in this subparagraph shall be a firm offer for sixty (60) days from and after the receipt thereof by the Contracting Officer having cognizance thereof, unless such

period of time is extended by mutual consent.

- (b) Pending execution of a bilateral agreement or the direction of the Contracting Officer pursuant to the "CHANGES" clause, the Contractor shall proceed diligently with contract performance without regard to the effect of any such proposed change.
- (c) In the event that a change proposed by the Contracting Officer is not incorporated into the contract, the work done by the Contractor in preparing the estimate in accordance with subparagraph (a) above shall be treated as if ordered by the Contracting Officer under the "CHANGES" clause. The Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the contract price for the effort required under subparagraph (a), but the Contractor shall not be entitled to any adjustment in delivery date. Failure to agree to such equitable adjustment in the contract price shall be a dispute within the meaning of the clause of this contract entitled "DISPUTES" (FAR 52.233-1).

Section I - Contract Clauses

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

52.202-1	Definitions	NOV 2013
52.203-3	Gratuities	APR 1984
52.203-5	Covenant Against Contingent Fees	MAY 2014
52.203-6	Restrictions On Subcontract Sales To The Government	SEP 2006
52.203-7	Anti-Kickback Procedures	MAY 2014
52.203-8	Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds For Illegal Or Improper Activity	MAY 2014
52.203-10	Price or Fee Adjustment For Illegal Or Improper Activity	MAY 2014
52.203-12	Limitation On Payments To Influence Certain Federal Transactions	OCT 2010
52.203-13	Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct	OCT 2015
52.203-17	Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights and Requirement To Inform Employees of Whistleblower Rights	APR 2014
52.204-2	Security Requirements	AUG 1996
52.204-4	Printed or Copied Double-Sided on Postconsumer Fiber Content Paper	MAY 2011
52.204-7	System for Award Management	OCT 2016
52.204-9	Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel	JAN 2011
52.204-10	Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards	OCT 2016
52.204-12	Unique Entity Identifier Maintenance	OCT 2016
52.204-13	System for Award Management Maintenance	OCT 2016
52.204-19	Incorporation by Reference of Representations and Certifications	DEC 2014
52.204-21	Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information	JUN 2016

	Systems	
52.207-3	Right of First Refusal of Employment	MAY 2006
52.209-6	Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting With Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment	OCT 2015
52.209-9	Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters	JUL 2013
52.209-10	Prohibition on Contracting With Inverted Domestic Corporations	NOV 2015
52.210-1	Market Research	APR 2011
52.211-5	Material Requirements	AUG 2000
52.211-15	Defense Priority and Allocation Requirements	APR 2008
52.215-2	Audit and Records – Negotiation	OCT 2010
52.215-8	Order of Precedence – Uniform Contract Format	OCT 1997
52.215-10	Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data	AUG 2011
52.215-11	Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data Modifications	AUG 2011
52.215-12	Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data	OCT 2010
52.215-13	Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data – Modifications	OCT 2010
52.215-14	Integrity of Unit Prices	OCT 2010
52.215-15	Pension Adjustments and Asset Reversions	OCT 2010
52.215-18	Reversion or Adjustment of Plans for Postretirement Benefits (PRB) Other Than Pensions	JUL 2005
52.215-19	Notification of Ownership Changes	OCT 1997
52.215-21	Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data -- Modifications	OCT 2010
52.215-23	Limitations on Pass-Through Charges	OCT 2009
52.216-7	Allowable Cost And Payment	JUN 2013
52.216-8	Fixed Fee	JUN 2011
52.216-24	Limitation Of Government Liability	APR 1984
52.217-9	Option To Extend The Term Of The Contract	MAR 2000
52.219-4	Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns	OCT 2014
52.219-6	Notice Of Total Small Business Set-Aside	NOV 2011
52.219-8	Utilization of Small Business Concerns	NOV 2016
52.219-9 (Dev)	Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Deviation 2016-00009)	JAN 2017
52.219-14	Limitations On Subcontracting	JAN 2017
52.219-16	Liquidated Damages-Subcontracting Plan	JAN 1999
52.219-28	Post-Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation	JUL 2013
52.222-1	Notice To The Government Of Labor Disputes	FEB 1997
52.222-3	Convict Labor	JUN 2003
52.222-4	Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards- Overtime Compensation	MAY 2014
52.222-19	Child Labor -- Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies	OCT 2016
52.222-20	Contracts for Materials, Supplies, Articles, and Equipment Exceeding \$15,000	MAY 2014
52.222-21	Prohibition Of Segregated Facilities	APR 2015
52.222-26	Equal Opportunity	SEP 2016
52.222-29	Notification Of Visa Denial	APR 2015
52.222-35	Equal Opportunity for Veterans	OCT 2015
52.222-36	Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities	JUL 2014
52.222-37	Employment Reports on Veterans	FEB 2016
52.222-40	Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act	DEC 2010

52.222-50	Combating Trafficking in Persons	MAR 2015
52.222-54	Employment Eligibility Verification	OCT 2015
52.223-5	Pollution Prevention and Right-to-Know Information	MAY 2011
52.223-6	Drug-Free Workplace	MAY 2001
52.223-12	Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners.	JUN 2016
52.223-18	Encouraging Contractor Policies To Ban Text Messaging While Driving	AUG 2011
52.223-19	Compliance with Environmental Management Systems	MAY 2011
52.225-13	Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases	JUN 2008
52.227-1	Authorization and Consent	DEC 2007
52.227-2	Notice And Assistance Regarding Patent And Copyright Infringement	DEC 2007
52.227-11	Patent Rights--Ownership By The Contractor	MAY 2014
52.228-5	Insurance - Work On A Government Installation	JAN 1997
52.228-7	Insurance--Liability To Third Persons	MAR 1996
52.229-3	Federal, State And Local Taxes	FEB 2013
52.230-2	Cost Accounting Standards	OCT 2015
52.230-3	Disclosure And Consistency Of Cost Accounting Practices	OCT 2015
52.230-6	Administration of Cost Accounting Standards	JUN 2010
52.232-1	Payments	APR 1984
52.232-8	Discounts For Prompt Payment	FEB 2002
52.232-9	Limitation On Withholding Of Payments	APR 1984
52.232-11	Extras	APR 1984
52.232-16	Progress Payments	APR 2012
52.232-20	Limitation Of Cost	APR 1984
52.232-22	Limitation Of Funds	APR 1984
52.232-23	Assignment Of Claims	MAY 2014
52.232-25	Prompt Payment	JAN 2017
52.232-33	Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer--System for Award Management	JUL 2013
52.232-39	Unenforceability of Unauthorized Obligations	JUN 2013
52.232-40	Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors	DEC 2013
52.233-1 Alt I	Disputes (May 2014) - Alternate I	DEC 1991
52.233-3	Protest After Award	AUG 1996
52.233-3 Alt I	Protest After Award (Aug 1996) - Alternate I	JUN 1985
52.233-4	Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim	OCT 2004
52.242-1	Notice of Intent to Disallow Costs	APR 1984
52.242-2	Production Progress Reports	APR 1991
52.242-3	Penalties for Unallowable Costs	MAY 2014
52.242-4	Certification of Final Indirect Costs	JAN 1997
52.242-5	Payments to Small Business Subcontractors	JAN 2017
52.242-13	Bankruptcy	JUL 1995
52.243-1	Changes--Fixed Price	AUG 1987
52.243-2	Changes--Cost-Reimbursement	AUG 1987
52.243-6	Change Order Accounting	APR 1984
52.244-2	Subcontracts	OCT 2010

52.244-5	Competition In Subcontracting	DEC 1996
52.244-6	Subcontracts for Commercial Items	JAN 2017
52.245-1	Government Property	JAN 2017
52.245-9	Use And Charges	APR 2012
52.246-23	Limitation Of Liability	FEB 1997
52.246-24	Limitation Of Liability--High-Value Items	FEB 1997
52.247-63	Preference For U.S. Flag Air Carriers	JUN 2003
52.247-68	Report of Shipment (REPSHIP)	FEB 2006
52.248-1	Value Engineering	OCT 2010
52.249-2	Termination For Convenience Of The Government (Fixed-Price)	APR 2012
52.249-6	Termination (Cost Reimbursement)	MAY 2004
52.249-8	Default (Fixed-Price Supply & Service)	APR 1984
52.249-14	Excusable Delays	APR 1984
52.251-1	Government Supply Sources	APR 2012
52.252-6	Authorized Deviations In Clauses	APR 1984
52.253-1	Computer Generated Forms	JAN 1991
252.201-7000	Contracting Officer's Representative	DEC 1991
252.203-7000	Requirements Relating to Compensation of Former DoD Officials	SEP 2011
252.203-7001	Prohibition On Persons Convicted of Fraud or Other Defense-Contract-Related Felonies	DEC 2008
252.203-7002	Requirement to Inform Employees of Whistleblower Rights	SEP 2013
252.203-7003	Agency Office of the Inspector General	DEC 2012
252.203-7004	Display of Hotline Posters	OCT 2016
252.204-7000	Disclosure Of Information	OCT 2016
252.204-7003	Control Of Government Personnel Work Product	APR 1992
252.204-7005	Oral Attestation of Security Responsibilities	NOV 2001
252.204-7009	Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Third-Party Contractor Reported Cyber Incident Information	OCT 2016
252.205-7000	Provision of Information to Cooperative Agreement Holders	DEC 1991
252.209-7004	Subcontracting With Firms That Are Owned or Controlled By The Government of a Country That Is a State Sponsor of Terrorism	OCT 2015
252.211-7003	ITEM UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION AND VALUATION (MAR 2016)	MAY 2016
252.211-7005	Substitutions for Military or Federal Specifications and Standards	NOV 2005
252.211-7006	Passive Radio Frequency Identification	JUN 2016
252.211-7007	Reporting Of Government-Furnished Property	AUG 2012
252.211-7008	Use of Government-Assigned Serial Numbers	SEP 2010

252.215-7000	Pricing Adjustments	DEC 2012
252.215-7002	Cost Estimating System Requirements	DEC 2012
252.215-7007	Notice of Intent to Resolicit	JUN 2012
252.215-7008	Only One Offer	OCT 2013
252.215-7009	Proposal Adequacy Checklist	JAN 2014
252.217-7003	Changes	DEC 1991
252.217-7004	Job Orders and Compensation	MAY 2006
252.217-7005	Inspection and Manner of Doing Work	JUL 2009
252.217-7006	Title	DEC 1991
252.217-7007	Payments	DEC 1991
252.217-7008	Bonds	DEC 1991
252.217-7009	Default	DEC1991
252.217-7010	Performance	JUL 2009
252.214-7011	Access to Vessel	DEC 1991
252.217-7012	Liability and Insurance	AUG 2003
252.217-7013	Guarantees	DEC 1991
252.217-7014	Discharge of Liens	DEC 1991
252.217-7015	Safety and Health	DEC 1991
252.217-7016	Plant Protection	DEC 1991
252.217-7027	Contract Definitization	DEC 2012
252.217-7028	Over and Above Work	DEC 1991
252.219-7003	(Dev) Small Business Subcontracting Plan (DOD Contracts) - Basic (Deviation 2016-O0009)	AUG 2016
252.219-7004	Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Test Program)	OCT 2014
252.222-7006	Restrictions on the Use of Mandatory Arbitration Agreements	DEC 2010
252.223-7001	Hazard Warning Labels	DEC 1991
252.223-7004	Drug Free Work Force	SEP 1988
252.223-7006	Prohibition On Storage, Treatment, and Disposal of Toxic or Hazardous Materials	SEP 2014
252.223-7008	Prohibition of Hexavalent Chromium	JUN 2013
252.225-7001	Buy American and Balance of Payments Program – Basic (Dec 2016)	DEC 2016
252.225-7002	Qualifying Country Sources As Subcontractors	DEC 2016
252.225-7004	Report of Intended Performance Outside the United States And Canada – Submission After Award	OCT 2015
252.225-7007	Prohibition on Acquisition of United States Munitions List Items From Communist Chinese Military Companies	SEP 2006
252.225-7008	Restriction on Acquisition of Specialty Metals	MAR 2013
252.225-7009	Restriction on Acquisition of Certain Articles Containing Specialty Metals	OCT 2014
252.225-7012	Preference For Certain Domestic Commodities	DEC 2016
252.225-7013	Duty-Free Entry – Basic (May 2016)	MAY 2016

252.225-7015	Restriction on Acquisition of Hand Or Measuring Tools	JUN 2005
252.225-7016	Restriction On Acquisition Of Ball and Roller Bearings	JUN 2011
252.225-7019	Restriction on Acquisition of Anchor and Mooring Chain	DEC 2009
252.225-7021	Trade Agreements--Basic	DEC 2016
252.225-7025	Restriction on Acquisition of Forgings	DEC 2009
252.225-7030	Restriction On Acquisition Of Carbon, Alloy, And Armor Steel Plate	DEC 2006
252.225-7031	Secondary Arab Boycott Of Israel	JUN 2005
252.225-7036	Buy American--Free Trade Agreement--Balance of Payments Program--Basic (DEC 2016)	DEC 2016
252.225-7038	Restriction on Acquisition of Air Circuit Breakers	JUN 2005
252.225-7048	Export-Controlled Items	JUN 2013
252.226-7001	Utilization of Indian Organizations and Indian-Owned Economic Enterprises, and Native Hawaiian Small Business Concerns	SEP 2004
252.227-7013	Rights in Technical Data--Noncommercial Items	FEB 2014
252.227-7015	Technical Data--Commercial Items	FEB 2014
252.227-7016	Rights in Bid or Proposal Information	JAN 2011
252.227-7025	Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends	MAY 2013
252.227-7030	Technical Data--Withholding Of Payment	MAR 2000
252.227-7037	Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data	SEP 2016
252.227-7039	Patents--Reporting Of Subject Inventions	APR 1990
252.231-7000	Supplemental Cost Principles	DEC 1991
252.232-7004	DOD Progress Payment Rates	OCT 2014
252.232-7010	Levies on Contract Payments	DEC 2006
252.234-7004	Cost and Software Data Reporting System--Basic (Nov 2014)	NOV 2014
252.242-7004	Material Management And Accounting System	MAY 2011
252.242-7005	Contractor Business Systems	FEB 2012
252.242-7006	Accounting System Administration	FEB 2012
252.243-7001	Pricing Of Contract Modifications	DEC 1991
252.243-7002	Requests for Equitable Adjustment	DEC 2012
252.244-7000	Subcontracts for Commercial Items	JUN 2013
252.244-7001	Contractor Purchasing System Administration	MAY 2014
252.245-7001	Tagging, Labeling, and Marking of Government-Furnished Property	APR 2012
252.245-7002	Reporting Loss of Government Property	APR 2012
252.245-7003	Contractor Property Management System Administration	APR 2012
252.245-7004	Reporting, Reutilization, and Disposal	SEP 2016
252.246-7001	Warranty Of Data	MAR 2014
252.246-7003	Notification of Potential Safety Issues	JUN 2013
252.246-7007	Contractor Counterfeit Electronic Part Detection and Avoidance System	AUG 2016
252.247-7021	Returnable Containers Other Than Cylinders	MAY 1995
252.247-7023	Transportation of Supplies by Sea	APR 2014
252.247-7024	Notification Of Transportation Of Supplies By Sea	MAR 2000
252.249-7002	Notification of Anticipated Contract Termination or Reduction	OCT 2015

52.211-11 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES--SUPPLIES, SERVICES, OR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT (SEP 2000)

(a) If the Contractor fails to deliver the supplies or perform the services within the time specified in this contract,

the Contractor shall, in place of actual damages, pay to the Government liquidated damages of * per calendar day of delay [Contracting Officer insert amount].

(b) If the Government terminates this contract in whole or in part under the Default--Fixed-Price Supply and Service clause, the Contractor is liable for liquidated damages accruing until the Government reasonably obtains delivery or performance of similar supplies or services. These liquidated damages are in addition to excess costs of repurchase under the Termination clause.

(c) The Contractor will not be charged with liquidated damages when the delay in delivery or performance is beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor as defined in the Default--Fixed-Price Supply and Service clause in this contract.

*To be determined in each Delivery Order, as applicable.

(End of clause)

52.223-3 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION AND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA (JAN 1997)

(a) "Hazardous material", as used in this clause, includes any material defined as hazardous under the latest version of Federal Standard No. 313 (including revisions adopted during the term of the contract).

(b) The offeror must list any hazardous material, as defined in paragraph (a) of this clause, to be delivered under this contract. The hazardous material shall be properly identified and include any applicable identification number, such as National Stock Number or Special Item Number. This information shall also be included on the Material Safety Data Sheet submitted under this contract.

Material (If none, insert "None")	Identification No.
*	_____
*	_____
*	_____

This list must be updated during performance of the contract whenever the Contractor determines that any other material to be delivered under this contract is hazardous.

(c) The apparently successful offeror agrees to submit, for each item as required prior to award, a Material Safety Data Sheet, meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and the latest version of Federal Standard No. 313, for all hazardous material identified in paragraph (b) of this clause. Data shall be submitted in accordance with Federal Standard No. 313, whether or not the apparently successful offeror is the actual manufacturer of these items. Failure to submit the Material Safety Data Sheet prior to award may result in the apparently successful offeror being considered nonresponsible and ineligible for award.

(d) If, after award, there is a change in the composition of the item(s) or a revision to Federal Standard No. 313, which renders incomplete or inaccurate the data submitted under paragraph (d) of this clause, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer and resubmit the data.

(e) Neither the requirements of this clause nor any act or failure to act by the Government shall relieve the Contractor of any responsibility or liability for the safety of Government, Contractor, or subcontractor personnel or property.

(f) Nothing contained in this clause shall relieve the Contractor from complying with applicable Federal, State, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations (including the obtaining of licenses and permits) in connection with hazardous material.

(g) The Government's rights in data furnished under this contract with respect to hazardous material are as follows:

(1) To use, duplicate and disclose any data to which this clause is applicable. The purposes of this right are to--

(i) Apprise personnel of the hazards to which they may be exposed in using, handling, packaging, transporting, or disposing of hazardous materials;

(ii) Obtain medical treatment for those affected by the material; and

(iii) Have others use, duplicate, and disclose the data for the Government for these purposes.

(2) To use, duplicate, and disclose data furnished under this clause, in accordance with subparagraph (h)(1) of this clause, in precedence over any other clause of this contract providing for rights in data.

(3) The Government is not precluded from using similar or identical data acquired from other sources.

*To be determined in each Delivery Order, as applicable.

(End of clause)

52.223-11 OZONE-DEPLETING SUBSTANCES AND HIGH GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIAL
HYDROFLUOROCARBONS (JUN 2016)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Global warming potential means how much a given mass of a chemical contributes to global warming over a given time period compared to the same mass of carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide's global warming potential is defined as 1.0.

High global warming potential hydrofluorocarbons means any hydrofluorocarbons in a particular end use for which EPA's Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program has identified other acceptable alternatives that have lower global warming potential. The SNAP list of alternatives is found at 40 CFR part 82, subpart G, with supplemental tables of alternatives available at (<http://www.epa.gov/snap/>).

Hydrofluorocarbons means compounds that only contain hydrogen, fluorine, and carbon.

Ozone-depleting substance means any substance the Environmental Protection Agency designates in 40 CFR part 82 as--

(1) Class I, including, but not limited to, chlorofluorocarbons, halons, carbon tetrachloride, and methyl chloroform; or

(2) Class II, including, but not limited to, hydrochlorofluorocarbons.

(b) The Contractor shall label products that contain or are manufactured with ozone-depleting substances in the manner and to the extent required by 42 U.S.C. 7671j (b), (c), (d), and (e) and 40 CFR part 82, subpart E, as follows:
Warning: Contains (or manufactured with, if applicable)

* _____, a substance(s) which harm(s) public health and environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

* The Contractor shall insert the name of the substance(s).

(c) Reporting. For equipment and appliances that normally each contain 50 or more pounds of hydrofluorocarbons or refrigerant blends containing hydrofluorocarbons, the Contractor shall--

(1) Track on an annual basis, between October 1 and September 30, the amount in pounds of hydrofluorocarbons or refrigerant blends containing hydrofluorocarbons contained in the equipment and appliances delivered to the Government under this contract by--

- (i) Type of hydrofluorocarbon (e.g., HFC-134a, HFC-125, R-410A, R-404A, etc.);
- (ii) Contract number; and
- (iii) Equipment/appliance;

(2) Report that information to the Contracting Officer for FY16 and to www.sam.gov, for FY17 and after--

(i) Annually by November 30 of each year during contract performance; and

(ii) At the end of contract performance.

(d) The Contractor shall refer to EPA's SNAP program (available at <http://www.epa.gov/snap>) to identify alternatives. The SNAP list of alternatives is found at 40 CFR part 82, subpart G, with supplemental tables available at <http://www.epa.gov/snap>.

(End of clause)

52.234-1 INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES DEVELOPED UNDER TITLE III, DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT (SEPT 2016)

(a) Definitions.

Title III industrial resource means materials, services, processes, or manufacturing equipment (including the processes, technologies, and ancillary services for the use of such equipment) established or maintained under the authority of Title III, Defense Production Act (50 U.S.C. App. 2091-2093).

Title III project contractor means a contractor that has received assistance for the development or manufacture of an industrial resource under Title III of Defense Production Act (50 U.S.C. App. 2091-2093).

(b) The Contractor shall refer any request from a Title III project contractor for testing and qualification of a Title III industrial resource to the Contracting Officer.

(c) Upon the direction of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall test Title III industrial resources for qualification. The Contractor shall provide the test results to the Defense Production Act Office, Title III Program, located at Wright Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio 45433-7739.

(d) When the Contracting Officer modifies the contract to direct testing pursuant to this clause, the Government will provide the Title III industrial resource to be tested and will make an equitable adjustment in the contract for the costs of testing and qualification of the Title III industrial resource.

(e) The Contractor agrees to insert the substance of this clause, including paragraph (e), in every subcontract issued in performance of this contract.

(End of clause)

52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

<http://farsite.hill.af.mil/>

(End of clause)

252.204-7012 SAFEGUARDING COVERED DEFENSE INFORMATION AND CYBER INCIDENT REPORTING (OCT 2016)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Adequate security means protective measures that are commensurate with the consequences and probability of loss, misuse, or unauthorized access to, or modification of information.

Compromise means disclosure of information to unauthorized persons, or a violation of the security policy of a system, in which unauthorized intentional or unintentional disclosure, modification, destruction, or loss of an object, or the copying of information to unauthorized media may have occurred.

Contractor attributional/proprietary information means information that identifies the contractor(s), whether directly or indirectly, by the grouping of information that can be traced back to the contractor(s) (e.g., program description, facility locations), personally identifiable information, as well as trade secrets, commercial or financial information, or other commercially sensitive information that is not customarily shared outside of the company.

Controlled technical information means technical information with military or space application that is subject to controls on the access, use, reproduction, modification, performance, display, release, disclosure, or dissemination. Controlled technical information would meet the criteria, if disseminated, for distribution statements B through F using the criteria set forth in DoD Instruction 5230.24, Distribution Statements on Technical Documents. The term does not include information that is lawfully publicly available without restrictions.

Covered contractor information system means an unclassified information system that is owned, or operated by or for, a contractor and that processes, stores, or transmits covered defense information.

Covered defense information means unclassified controlled technical information or other information, as described in the Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) Registry at <http://www.archives.gov/cui/registry/category-list.html>, that requires safeguarding or dissemination controls pursuant to and consistent with law, regulations, and Governmentwide policies, and is--

- (1) Marked or otherwise identified in the contract, task order, or delivery order and provided to the contractor by or on behalf of DoD in support of the performance of the contract; or
- (2) Collected, developed, received, transmitted, used, or stored by or on behalf of the contractor in support of the performance of the contract.

Cyber incident means actions taken through the use of computer networks that result in a compromise or an actual or potentially adverse effect on an information system and/or the information residing therein.

Forensic analysis means the practice of gathering, retaining, and analyzing computer-related data for investigative purposes in a manner that maintains the integrity of the data.

Information system means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information.

Malicious software means computer software or firmware intended to perform an unauthorized process that will have adverse impact on the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of an information system. This definition includes a virus, worm, Trojan horse, or other code-based entity that infects a host, as well as spyware and some forms of adware.

Media means physical devices or writing surfaces including, but is not limited to, magnetic tapes, optical disks, magnetic disks, large-scale integration memory chips, and printouts onto which covered defense information is recorded, stored, or printed within a covered contractor information system.

Operationally critical support means supplies or services designated by the Government as critical for airlift, sealift, intermodal transportation services, or logistical support that is essential to the mobilization, deployment, or sustainment of the Armed Forces in a contingency operation.

Rapidly report means within 72 hours of discovery of any cyber incident.

Technical information means technical data or computer software, as those terms are defined in the clause at DFARS 252.227-7013, Rights in Technical Data--Noncommercial Items, regardless of whether or not the clause is incorporated in this solicitation or contract. Examples of technical information include research and engineering data, engineering drawings, and associated lists, specifications, standards, process sheets, manuals, technical reports, technical orders, catalog-item identifications, data sets, studies and analyses and related information, and computer software executable code and source code.

(b) Adequate security. The Contractor shall provide adequate security on all covered contractor information systems. To provide adequate security, the Contractor shall implement, at a minimum, the following information security protections:

(1) For covered contractor information systems that are part of an information technology (IT) service or system operated on behalf of the Government, the following security requirements apply:

(i) Cloud computing services shall be subject to the security requirements specified in the clause 252.239-7010, Cloud Computing Services, of this contract.

(ii) Any other such IT service or system (i.e., other than cloud computing) shall be subject to the security requirements specified elsewhere in this contract.

(2) For covered contractor information systems that are not part of an IT service or system operated on behalf of the Government and therefore are not subject to the security requirement specified at paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the following security requirements apply:

(i) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(2)(ii) of this clause, the covered contractor information system shall be subject to the security requirements in National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication (SP) 800-171, "Protecting Controlled Unclassified Information in Nonfederal Information Systems and Organizations" (available via the internet at <http://dx.doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-171>) in effect at the time the solicitation is issued or as authorized by the Contracting Officer.

(ii)(A) The Contractor shall implement NIST SP 800-171, as soon as practical, but not later than December 31, 2017. For all contracts awarded prior to October 1, 2017, the Contractor shall notify the DoD Chief Information Officer (CIO), via email at osd.dibcsia@mail.mil, within 30 days of contract award, of any security requirements specified by NIST SP 800-171 not implemented at the time of contract award.

(B) The Contractor shall submit requests to vary from NIST SP 800-171 in writing to the Contracting Officer, for consideration by the DoD CIO. The Contractor need not implement any security requirement adjudicated by an authorized representative of the DoD CIO to be nonapplicable or to have an alternative, but equally effective,

security measure that may be implemented in its place.

(C) If the DoD CIO has previously adjudicated the contractor's requests indicating that a requirement is not applicable or that an alternative security measure is equally effective, a copy of that approval shall be provided to the Contracting Officer when requesting its recognition under this contract.

(D) If the Contractor intends to use an external cloud service provider to store, process, or transmit any covered defense information in performance of this contract, the Contractor shall require and ensure that the cloud service provider meets security requirements equivalent to those established by the Government for the Federal Risk

and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP) Moderate baseline

(<https://www.fedramp.gov/resources/documents/>) and that the cloud service provider complies with requirements in paragraphs (c) through (g) of this clause for cyber incident reporting, malicious software, media preservation and protection, access to additional information and equipment necessary for forensic analysis, and cyber incident damage assessment.

(3) Apply other information systems security measures when the Contractor reasonably determines that information systems security measures, in addition to those identified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this clause, may be required to provide adequate security in a dynamic environment or to accommodate special circumstances (e.g., medical devices) and any individual, isolated, or temporary deficiencies based on an assessed risk or vulnerability. These measures may be addressed in a system security plan.

(c) Cyber incident reporting requirement.

(1) When the Contractor discovers a cyber incident that affects a covered contractor information system or the covered defense information residing therein, or that affects the contractor's ability to perform the requirements of the contract that are designated as operationally critical support and identified in the contract, the Contractor shall--

(i) Conduct a review for evidence of compromise of covered defense information, including, but not limited to, identifying compromised computers, servers, specific data, and user accounts. This review shall also include analyzing covered contractor information system(s) that were part of the cyber incident, as well as other information systems on the Contractor's network(s), that may have been accessed as a result of the incident in order to identify compromised covered defense information, or that affect the Contractor's ability to provide operationally critical support; and

(ii) Rapidly report cyber incidents to DoD at <http://dibnet.dod.mil>.

(2) Cyber incident report. The cyber incident report shall be treated as information created by or for DoD and shall include, at a minimum, the required elements at <http://dibnet.dod.mil>.

(3) Medium assurance certificate requirement. In order to report cyber incidents in accordance with this clause, the Contractor or subcontractor shall have or acquire a DoD-approved medium assurance certificate to report cyber incidents. For information on obtaining a DoD-approved medium assurance certificate, see <http://iase.disa.mil/pki/eca/Pages/index.aspx>.

(d) Malicious software. When the Contractor or subcontractors discover and isolate malicious software in connection with a reported cyber incident, submit the malicious software to DoD Cyber Crime Center (DC3) in accordance with instructions provided by DC3 or the Contracting Officer. Do not send the malicious software to the Contracting Officer.

(e) Media preservation and protection. When a Contractor discovers a cyber incident has occurred, the Contractor shall preserve and protect images of all known affected information systems identified in paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this clause and all relevant monitoring/packet capture data for at least 90 days from the submission of the cyber incident report to allow DoD to request the media or decline interest.

(f) Access to additional information or equipment necessary for forensic analysis. Upon request by DoD, the Contractor shall provide DoD with access to additional information or equipment that is necessary to conduct a forensic analysis.

(g) Cyber incident damage assessment activities. If DoD elects to conduct a damage assessment, the Contracting Officer will request that the Contractor provide all of the damage assessment information gathered in accordance with paragraph (e) of this clause.

(h) DoD safeguarding and use of contractor attributional/proprietary information. The Government shall protect against the unauthorized use or release of information obtained from the contractor (or derived from information obtained from the contractor) under this clause that includes contractor attributional/proprietary information, including such information submitted in accordance with paragraph (c). To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall identify and mark attributional/proprietary information. In making an authorized release of such information, the Government will implement appropriate procedures to minimize the contractor attributional/proprietary information that is included in such authorized release, seeking to include only that information that is necessary for the authorized purpose(s) for which the information is being released.

(i) Use and release of contractor attributional/proprietary information not created by or for DoD. Information that is obtained from the contractor (or derived from information obtained from the contractor) under this clause that is not created by or for DoD is authorized to be released outside of DoD--

(1) To entities with missions that may be affected by such information;

(2) To entities that may be called upon to assist in the diagnosis, detection, or mitigation of cyber incidents;

(3) To Government entities that conduct counterintelligence or law enforcement investigations;

(4) For national security purposes, including cyber situational awareness and defense purposes (including with Defense Industrial Base (DIB) participants in the program at 32 CFR part 236); or

(5) To a support services contractor ("recipient") that is directly supporting Government activities under a contract that includes the clause at 252.204-7009, Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Third-Party Contractor Reported Cyber Incident Information.

(j) Use and release of contractor attributional/proprietary information created by or for DoD. Information that is obtained from the contractor (or derived from information obtained from the contractor) under this clause that is created by or for DoD (including the information submitted pursuant to paragraph (c) of this clause) is authorized to be used and released outside of DoD for purposes and activities authorized by paragraph (i) of this clause, and for any other lawful Government purpose or activity, subject to all applicable statutory, regulatory, and policy based restrictions on the Government's use and release of such information.

(k) The Contractor shall conduct activities under this clause in accordance with applicable laws and regulations on the interception, monitoring, access, use, and disclosure of electronic communications and data.

(l) Other safeguarding or reporting requirements. The safeguarding and cyber incident reporting required by this clause in no way abrogates the Contractor's responsibility for other safeguarding or cyber incident reporting pertaining to its unclassified information systems as required by other applicable clauses of this contract, or as a result of other applicable U.S. Government statutory or regulatory requirements.

(m) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall--

(1) Include this clause, including this paragraph (m), in subcontracts, or similar contractual instruments, for operationally critical support, or for which subcontract performance will involve covered defense information, including subcontracts for commercial items, without alteration, except to identify the parties.

The

Contractor shall determine if the information required for subcontractor performance retains its identity as covered defense information and will require protection under this clause, and, if necessary, consult with the Contracting

Officer; and

(2) Require subcontractors to--

(i) Notify the prime Contractor (or next higher-tier subcontractor) when submitting a request to vary from a NIST SP 800-171 security requirement to the Contracting Officer, in accordance with paragraph (b)(2)(ii)(B) of this clause; and

(ii) Provide the incident report number, automatically assigned by DoD, to the prime Contractor (or next higher-tier subcontractor) as soon as practicable, when reporting a cyber incident to DoD as required in paragraph (c) of this clause.

(End of clause)

252.209-7010 CRITICAL SAFETY ITEMS (AUG 2011)

(a) Definitions.

Aviation critical safety item means a part, an assembly, installation equipment, launch equipment, recovery equipment, or support equipment for an aircraft or aviation weapon system if the part, assembly, or equipment contains a characteristic any failure, malfunction, or absence of which could cause--

- (i) A catastrophic or critical failure resulting in the loss of, or serious damage to, the aircraft or weapon system;
- (ii) An unacceptable risk of personal injury or loss of life; or
- (iii) An uncommanded engine shutdown that jeopardizes safety.

Design control activity. (i) With respect to an aviation critical safety item, means the systems command of a military department that is specifically responsible for ensuring the airworthiness of an aviation system or equipment, in which an aviation critical safety item is to be used; and

(ii) With respect to a ship critical safety item, means the systems command of a military department that is specifically responsible for ensuring the seaworthiness of a ship or ship equipment, in which a ship critical safety item is to be used.

Ship critical safety item means any ship part, assembly, or support equipment containing a characteristic, the failure, malfunction, or absence of which could cause--

- (i) A catastrophic or critical failure resulting in loss of, or serious damage to, the ship; or
- (ii) An unacceptable risk of personal injury or loss of life.

(b) Identification of critical safety items. One or more of the items being procured under this contract is an aviation or ship critical safety item. The following items have been designated aviation critical safety items or ship critical safety items by the designated design control activity:

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Insert additional lines as necessary)

(c) Heightened quality assurance surveillance. Items designated in paragraph (b) of this clause are subject to heightened, risk-based surveillance by the designated quality assurance representative.

(End of clause)

252.225-7043 ANTITERRORISM/FORCE PROTECTION POLICY FOR DEFENSE CONTRACTORS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES (JUN 2015)

(a) Definition. United States, as used in this clause, means, the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause, the Contractor and its subcontractors, if performing or traveling outside the United States under this contract, shall--

(1) Affiliate with the Overseas Security Advisory Council, if the Contractor or subcontractor is a U.S. entity;

(2) Ensure that Contractor and subcontractor personnel who are U.S. nationals and are in-country on a non-transitory basis, register with the U.S. Embassy, and that Contractor and subcontractor personnel who are third country nationals comply with any security related requirements of the Embassy of their nationality;

(3) Provide, to Contractor and subcontractor personnel, antiterrorism/force protection awareness information commensurate with that which the Department of Defense (DoD) provides to its military and civilian personnel and their families, to the extent such information can be made available prior to travel outside the United States; and

(4) Obtain and comply with the most current antiterrorism/force protection guidance for Contractor and subcontractor personnel.

(c) The requirements of this clause do not apply to any subcontractor that is--

(1) A foreign government;

(2) A representative of a foreign government; or

(3) A foreign corporation wholly owned by a foreign government.

(d) Information and guidance pertaining to DoD antiterrorism/force protection can be obtained from [Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS), Code 21; telephone, DSN 288-9077 or commercial (202) 433-9077].

(End of clause)

252.225-7994 ADDITIONAL ACCESS TO CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR RECORDS IN THE UNITED STATES CENTRAL COMMAND THEATER OF OPERATIONS (DEVIATION 2015-O0013) (MAR 2015)

(a) In addition to any other existing examination-of-records authority, the Department of Defense is authorized to examine any records of the Contractor to the extent necessary to ensure that funds available under this contract are not—

(1) Subject to extortion or corruption; or

(2) Provided, directly or indirectly, to persons or entities that are actively supporting an insurgency or otherwise actively opposing United States or coalition forces in a contingency operation.

(b) The substance of this clause, including this paragraph (b), is required to be included in subcontracts under this contract that have an estimated value over \$100,000.

(End of clause)

252.225-7995 CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL PERFORMING IN THE UNITED STATES CENTRAL COMMAND AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY (DEVIATION 2017-00004)(SEP 2017)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

“Combatant Commander” means the Commander of the United States Central Command Area of Responsibility.

“Contractors authorized to accompany the Force,” or “CAAF,” means contractor personnel, including all tiers of subcontractor personnel, who are authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces in applicable operations and have been afforded CAAF status through a letter of authorization. CAAF generally include all U.S. citizen and third-country national employees not normally residing within the operational area whose area of performance is in the direct vicinity of U.S. Armed Forces and who routinely are collocated with the U.S. Armed Forces (especially in non-permissive environments). Personnel collocated with U.S. Armed Forces shall be afforded CAAF status through a letter of authorization. In some cases, Combatant Commander subordinate commanders may designate mission-essential host nation or local national contractor employees (e.g., interpreters) as CAAF. CAAF includes contractors previously identified as contractors deploying with the U.S. Armed Forces. CAAF status does not apply to contractor personnel in support of applicable operations within the boundaries and territories of the United States.

“Designated reception site” means the designated place for the reception, staging, integration, and onward movement of contractors deploying during a contingency. The designated reception site includes assigned joint reception centers and other Service or private reception sites.

“Law of war” means that part of international law that regulates the conduct of armed hostilities. The law of war encompasses all international law for the conduct of hostilities binding on the United States or its individual citizens, including treaties and international agreements to which the United States is a party, and applicable customary international law.

“Non-CAAF” means personnel who are not designated as CAAF, such as local national (LN) employees and non-LN employees who are permanent residents in the operational area or third-country nationals not routinely residing with U.S. Armed Forces (and third-country national expatriates who are permanent residents in the operational area) who perform support functions away from the close proximity of, and do not reside with, U.S. Armed Forces. Government-furnished support to non-CAAF is typically limited to force protection, emergency medical care, and basic human needs (e.g., bottled water, latrine facilities, security, and food when necessary) when performing their jobs in the direct vicinity of U.S. Armed Forces. Non-CAAF status does not apply to contractor personnel in support of applicable operations within the boundaries and territories of the United States.

“Subordinate joint force commander” means a sub-unified commander or joint task force commander.

(b) General.

(1) This clause applies to both CAAF and non-CAAF when performing in the United States Central Command (USCENTCOM) Area of Responsibility (AOR).

(2) Contract performance in USCENTCOM AOR may require work in dangerous or austere conditions. Except as otherwise provided in the contract, the Contractor accepts the risks associated with required contract performance in such operations.

(3) When authorized in accordance with paragraph (j) of this clause to carry arms for personal protection, contractor personnel are only authorized to use force for individual self-defense.

(4) Unless immune from host nation jurisdiction by virtue of an international agreement or international law, inappropriate use of force by contractor personnel authorized to accompany the U.S. Armed Forces can subject such

personnel to United States or host nation prosecution and civil liability (see paragraphs (d) and (j)(3) of this clause).

(5) Service performed by contractor personnel subject to this clause is not active duty or service under 38 U.S.C. 106 note.

(c) Support.

(1)(i) The Combatant Commander will develop a security plan for protection of contractor personnel in locations where there is not sufficient or legitimate civil authority, when the Combatant Commander decides it is in the interests of the Government to provide security because—

- (A) The Contractor cannot obtain effective security services;
- (B) Effective security services are unavailable at a reasonable cost; or
- (C) Threat conditions necessitate security through military means.

(ii) In appropriate cases, the Combatant Commander may provide security through military means, commensurate with the level of security provided DoD civilians.

(2)(i) Generally, CAAF will be afforded emergency medical and dental care if injured while supporting applicable operations. Additionally, non-CAAF employees who are injured while in the vicinity of U. S. Armed Forces will normally receive emergency medical and dental care. Emergency medical and dental care includes medical care situations in which life, limb, or eyesight is jeopardized. Examples of emergency medical and dental care include examination and initial treatment of victims of sexual assault; refills of prescriptions for life-dependent drugs; repair of broken bones, lacerations, infections; and traumatic injuries to the dentition. Hospitalization will be limited to stabilization and short-term medical treatment with an emphasis on return to duty or placement in the patient movement system.

(ii) When the Government provides emergency medical treatment or transportation of Contractor personnel to a selected civilian facility, the Contractor shall ensure that the Government is reimbursed for any costs associated with such treatment or transportation.

(iii) Medical or dental care beyond this standard is not authorized.

(3) Contractor personnel must have a Synchronized Predeployment and Operational Tracker (SPOT)-generated letter of authorization signed by the Contracting Officer in order to process through a deployment center or to travel to, from, or within the USCENTCOM AOR. The letter of authorization also will identify any additional authorizations, privileges, or Government support that Contractor personnel are entitled to under this contract. Contractor personnel who are issued a letter of authorization shall carry it with them at all times while deployed.

(4) Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor is responsible for all other support required for its personnel engaged in the USCENTCOM AOR under this contract.

(d) Compliance with laws and regulations.

(1) The Contractor shall comply with, and shall ensure that its personnel performing in the USCENTCOM AOR are familiar with and comply with, all applicable—

- (i) United States, host country, and third country national laws;
- (ii) Provisions of the law of war, as well as any other applicable treaties and international agreements;
- (iii) United States regulations, directives, instructions, policies, and procedures; and
- (iv) Orders, directives, and instructions issued by the Combatant Commander, including those relating to force protection, security, health, safety, or relations and interaction with local nationals.

(2) The Contractor shall institute and implement an effective program to prevent violations of the law of war by its employees and subcontractors, including law of war training in accordance with paragraph (e)(1)(vii) of this clause.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that CAAF and non-CAAF are aware—

- (i) Of the DoD definition of “sexual assault” in DoDD 6495.01, Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Program;
 - (ii) That the offenses addressed by the definition are covered under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (see paragraph (e)(2)(iv) of this clause). Other sexual misconduct may constitute offenses under the Uniform Code of Military Justice, or another Federal law, such as the Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act, or host nation laws; and
 - (iii) That the offenses not covered by the Uniform Code of Military Justice may nevertheless have consequences to the contractor employees (see paragraph (h)(1) of this clause).
- (4) The Contractor shall report to the appropriate investigative authorities, identified in paragraph (d)(6) of this clause, any alleged offenses under—
- (i) The Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code) (applicable to contractors serving with or accompanying an armed force in the field during a declared war or contingency operations); or
 - (ii) The Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act (chapter 212 of title 18, United States Code).
- (5) The Contractor shall provide to all contractor personnel who will perform work on a contract in the deployed area, before beginning such work, information on the following:
- (i) How and where to report an alleged crime described in paragraph (d)(4) of this clause.
 - (ii) Where to seek victim and witness protection and assistance available to contractor personnel in connection with an alleged offense described in paragraph (d)(4) of this clause.
 - (iii) This section does not create any rights or privileges that are not authorized by law or DoD policy.
- (6) The appropriate investigative authorities to which suspected crimes shall be reported include the following—
- (i) US Army Criminal Investigation Command at <http://www.cid.army.mil/index.html>;
 - (ii) Air Force Office of Special Investigations at <http://www.osi.af.mil>;
 - (iii) Navy Criminal Investigative Service at <http://www.ncis.navy.mil/Pages/publicdefault.aspx>;
 - (iv) Defense Criminal Investigative Service at <http://www.dodig.mil/HOTLINE/index.html>; _
 - (v) Any command of any supported military element or the command of any base.
- (7) Personnel seeking whistleblower protection from reprisals for reporting criminal acts shall seek guidance through the DoD Inspector General hotline at 800-424-9098 or www.dodig.mil/HOTLINE/index.html. Personnel seeking other forms of victim or witness protections should contact the nearest military law enforcement office.
- (8) The Contractor shall ensure that Contractor employees supporting the U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States are aware of their rights to—
- (i) Hold their own identity or immigration documents, such as passport or driver’s license;
 - (ii) Receive agreed upon wages on time;
 - (iii) Take lunch and work-breaks;
 - (iv) Elect to terminate employment at any time;
 - (v) Identify grievances without fear of reprisal;
 - (vi) Have a copy of their employment contract in a language they understand;
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- (vii) Receive wages that are not below the legal in-country minimum wage;
 - (viii) Be notified of their rights, wages, and prohibited activities prior to signing their employment contract; and
 - (ix) If housing is provided, live in housing that meets host-country housing and safety standards.
- (e) Preliminary personnel requirements.
- (1) The Contractor shall ensure that the following requirements are met prior to deploying CAAF (specific requirements for each category will be specified in the statement of work or elsewhere in the contract):
- (i) All required security and background checks are complete and acceptable.
 - (ii) All CAAF deploying in support of an applicable operation—
 - (A) Are medically, dentally, and psychologically fit for deployment and performance of their contracted duties;
 - (B) Meet the minimum medical screening requirements, including theater-specific medical qualifications as established by the geographic Combatant Commander (as posted to the Geographic Combatant Commander's website or other venue); and
 - (C) Have received all required immunizations as specified in the contract.
 - (1) During predeployment processing, the Government will provide, at no cost to the Contractor, any military-specific immunizations and/or medications not available to the general public.
 - (2) All other immunizations shall be obtained prior to arrival at the deployment center.
 - (3) All CAAF and, as specified in the statement of work, select non-CAAF shall bring to the USCENTCOM AOR a copy of the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Form 731, International Certificate of Vaccination or Prophylaxis as approved by the World Health Organization, (also known as "shot record" or "Yellow Card") that shows vaccinations are current.
 - (iii) Deploying personnel have all necessary passports, visas, and other documents required to enter and exit the USCENTCOMAOR and have a Geneva Conventions identification card, or other appropriate DoD identity credential, from the deployment center.
 - (iv) Special area, country, and theater clearance is obtained for all personnel deploying. Clearance requirements are in DoD Directive 4500.54E, DoD Foreign Clearance Program. For this purpose, CAAF are considered non-DoD contractor personnel traveling under DoD sponsorship.
 - (v) All deploying personnel have received personal security training. At a minimum, the training shall—
 - (A) Cover safety and security issues facing employees overseas;
 - (B) Identify safety and security contingency planning activities; and
 - (C) Identify ways to utilize safety and security personnel and other resources appropriately.
 - (vi) All personnel have received isolated personnel training, if specified in the contract, in accordance with DoD Instruction 1300.23, Isolated Personnel Training for DoD Civilian and Contractors.
- (vii) Personnel have received law of war training as follows:
- (A) Basic training is required for all CAAF. The basic training will be provided through—
 - (1) A military-run training center; or
 - (2) A web-based source, if specified in the contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.
 - (B) Advanced training, commensurate with their duties and responsibilities, may be required for some Contractor personnel as specified in the contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall notify all personnel who are not a host country national, or who are not ordinarily resident in the host country, that such employees, and dependents residing with such employees, who engage in conduct outside the United States that would constitute an offense punishable by imprisonment for more than one year if the conduct had been engaged in within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, may potentially be subject to the criminal jurisdiction of the United States in accordance with the Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act of 2000 (18 U.S.C. 3621, et seq.);

(3) The Contractor shall notify all personnel that -

- (i) Pursuant to the War Crimes Act (18 U.S.C. 2441), Federal criminal jurisdiction also extends to conduct that is determined to constitute a war crime;
- (ii) Other laws may provide for prosecution of U.S. nationals who commit offenses on the premises of U.S. diplomatic, consular, military or other U.S. Government missions outside the United States (18 U.S.C. 7(9)) or non-U.S. nationals who commit crimes against U.S. nationals in those places; and
- (iii) In time of declared war or a contingency operation, CAAF are subject to the jurisdiction of the Uniform Code of Military Justice under 10 U.S.C. 802(a)(10).
- (iv) Such employees are required to report offenses alleged to have been committed by or against contractor personnel to appropriate investigative authorities.
- (v) Such employees will be provided victim and witness protection and assistance.
- (f) Processing and departure points. CAAF shall—

Process through the deployment center designated in the contract, or as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, prior to deploying. The deployment center will conduct deployment processing to ensure visibility and accountability of contractor personnel and to ensure that all deployment requirements are met, including the requirements specified in paragraph (e)(1) of this clause;

- (1) Use the point of departure and transportation mode directed by the Contracting Officer; and
- (2) Process through a designated reception site (DRS) upon arrival at the deployed location. The DRS will validate personnel accountability, ensure that specific USCENTCOM AOR entrance requirements are met, and brief contractor personnel on theater-specific policies and procedures.

(g) *Contractor Accountability and Personnel Data.*

The Synchronized Predeployment and Operational Tracker (SPOT) is the joint web-based database to assist the Combatant Commanders in maintaining awareness of the nature, extent, and potential risks and capabilities associated with contracted support for contingency operations, humanitarian assistance and peacekeeping operations, or military exercises designated by USCENTCOM.

- (1) Contractors shall account for all CAAF and non-CAAF personnel in SPOT by name.
- (2) Registration. The Contractor shall comply with SPOT registration requirements.
 - (i) Contractor appointed company administrators for unclassified contracts shall register for a SPOT account at <https://spot.dmdc.mil>. For classified contracts, users shall access SPOT at <https://spot.dmdc.osd.smil.mil>.
 - (ii) Register in SPOT using one of the following log-in methods –
 - (A) A Common Access Card (CAC) or a SPOT-approved digital certificate; or
 - (B) A Government-sponsored SPOT user ID and password. This type of log-in method is only allowed for those individuals who are not authorized to obtain a CAC or an external digital certificate, and requires SPOT Program Management Office approval.
 - (iii) The SPOT Customer Support Team must validate user need. This process may take 2 business days. Contractor representatives will be contacted to validate contractor administrator account requests and determine the appropriate level of user access.
 - (iv) Refer to the OSD Program Support website at <http://www.acq.osd.mil/log/PS/spot.html> for the SPOT Business Rules, additional training resources, documentation regarding registration, and use of SPOT.
- (3) *Compliance with SPOT.*
 - (i) The Contractor shall comply with the SPOT Business Rules located at <http://www.acq.osd.mil/log/PS/spot.html>.
 - (A) The Contractor shall enter into the SPOT web-based system the required information on Contractor personnel prior to deployment to the designated operational area and shall continue to use the SPOT web-based system to maintain accurate, up-to-date information throughout the deployment for applicable Contractor personnel.

(B) The Contractor shall ensure the in-theater arrival date (ITAD), deployment closeout dates and changes to the status of individual Contractor personnel relating to their ITAD and their duty location, to include closing out the deployment with their proper status (e.g., mission complete, killed, wounded) are updated in the system in accordance with the processes and timelines established in the SPOT business rules.

(ii) SPOT non-compliance and deficiencies will be relevant to past performance evaluations for future contract opportunities in accordance with FAR subpart 42.15, Contractor Performance Information.

(h) Contractor personnel.

(1) The Contracting Officer may direct the Contractor, at its own expense, to remove and replace any contractor personnel who jeopardize or interfere with mission accomplishment or who fail to comply with or violate applicable requirements of this contract. Such action may be taken at the Government's discretion without prejudice to its rights under any other provision of this contract, including the Termination for Default clause.

(2) The Contractor shall identify all personnel who occupy a position designated as mission essential and ensure the continuity of essential Contractor services during designated operations, unless, after consultation with the Contracting Officer, Contracting Officer's representative, or local commander, the Contracting Officer directs withdrawal due to security conditions.

The Contractor shall ensure that contractor personnel follow the guidance at paragraph (e)(2)(v) of this clause and any specific Combatant Commander guidance on reporting offenses alleged to have been committed by or against contractor personnel to appropriate investigative authorities.

(3) Contractor personnel shall return all U.S. Government-issued identification, to include the Common Access Card, to appropriate U.S. Government authorities at the end of their deployment (or, for non-CAAF, at the end of their employment under this contract).

(i) Military clothing and protective equipment.

(1) Contractor personnel are prohibited from wearing military clothing unless specifically authorized in writing by the Combatant Commander. If authorized to wear military clothing, contractor personnel must—

(i) Wear distinctive patches, arm bands, nametags, or headgear, in order to be distinguishable from military personnel, consistent with force protection measures; and

(ii) Carry the written authorization with them at all times.

(2) Contractor personnel may wear military-unique organizational clothing and individual equipment (OCIE) required for safety and security, such as ballistic, nuclear, biological, or chemical protective equipment.

(3) The deployment center, or the Combatant Commander, shall issue OCIE and shall provide training, if necessary, to ensure the safety and security of contractor personnel.

(4) The Contractor shall ensure that all issued OCIE is returned to the point of issue, unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer.

(j) Weapons.

(1) If the Contractor requests that its personnel performing in the USCENTCOM AOR be authorized to carry weapons for individual self-defense, the request shall be made through the Contracting Officer to the Combatant Commander, in accordance with DoD Instruction 3020.41. The Combatant Commander will determine whether to authorize in-theater contractor personnel to carry weapons and what weapons and ammunition will be allowed.

(2) If contractor personnel are authorized to carry weapons in accordance with paragraph (j)(1) of this clause, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor what weapons and ammunition are authorized.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that its personnel who are authorized to carry weapons—

(i) Are adequately trained to carry and use them—

(A) Safely;

(B) With full understanding of, and adherence to, the rules of the use of force issued by the Combatant Commander; and

- (C) In compliance with applicable agency policies, agreements, rules, regulations, and other applicable law;
 - (ii) Are not barred from possession of a firearm by 18 U.S.C. 922;
 - (iii) Adhere to all guidance and orders issued by the Combatant Commander regarding possession, use, safety, and accountability of weapons and ammunition;
 - (iv) Comply with applicable Combatant Commander and local commander force-protection policies; and
 - (v) Understand that the inappropriate use of force could subject them to U.S. or host-nation prosecution and civil liability.
- (4) Whether or not weapons are Government-furnished, all liability for the use of any weapon by contractor personnel rests solely with the Contractor and the Contractor employee using such weapon.

(5) Upon redeployment or revocation by the Combatant Commander of the Contractor's authorization to issue firearms, the Contractor shall ensure that all Government-issued weapons and unexpended ammunition are returned as directed by the Contracting Officer.

(k) Vehicle or equipment licenses. Contractor personnel shall possess the required licenses to operate all vehicles or equipment necessary to perform the contract in the USCENTCOM AOR.

Purchase of scarce goods and services. If the Combatant Commander has established an organization for the USCENTCOM AOR whose function is to determine that certain items are scarce goods or services, the Contractor shall coordinate with that organization local purchases of goods and services designated as scarce, in accordance with instructions provided by the Contracting Officer.

(l) Evacuation.

(1) If the Combatant Commander orders a mandatory evacuation of some or all personnel, the Government will provide assistance, to the extent available, to United States and third country national contractor personnel.

(2) In the event of a non-mandatory evacuation order, unless authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall maintain personnel on location sufficient to meet obligations under this contract.

(m) Next of kin notification and personnel recovery.

(1) The Contractor shall be responsible for notification of the employee-designated next of kin in the event an employee dies, requires evacuation due to an injury, or is isolated, missing, detained, captured, or abducted.

(2) The Government will assist in personnel recovery actions in accordance with DoD Directive 3002.01E, Personnel Recovery in the Department of Defense.

(n) Mortuary affairs. Contractor personnel who die while in support of the U.S. Armed Forces shall be covered by the DoD mortuary affairs program as described in DoD Directive 1300.22, Mortuary Affairs Policy, and DoD Instruction 3020.41, Operational Contractor Support.

(o) Changes. In addition to the changes otherwise authorized by the Changes clause of this contract, the Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order identified as a change order, make changes in the place of performance or Government-furnished facilities, equipment, material, services, or site. Any change order issued in accordance with this

paragraph (p) shall be subject to the provisions of the Changes clause of this contract.

(p) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (q), in all subcontracts when subcontractor personnel are performing in the USCENTCOM AOR.

(End of clause)

252.251-7000 ORDERING FROM GOVERNMENT SUPPLY SOURCES (AUG 2012)

(a) When placing orders under Federal Supply Schedules, Personal Property Rehabilitation Price Schedules, or Enterprise Software Agreements, the Contractor shall follow the terms of the applicable schedule or agreement and authorization. Include in each order:

(1) A copy of the authorization (unless a copy was previously furnished to the Federal Supply Schedule, Personal Property Rehabilitation Price Schedule, or Enterprise Software Agreement contractor).

(2) The following statement: Any price reductions negotiated as part of an Enterprise Software Agreement issued under a Federal Supply Schedule contract shall control. In the event of any other inconsistencies between an Enterprise Software Agreement, established as a Federal Supply Schedule blanket purchase agreement, and the Federal Supply Schedule contract, the latter shall govern.

(3) The completed address(es) to which the Contractor's mail, freight, and billing documents are to be directed.

(b) When placing orders under nonmandatory schedule contracts and requirements contracts, issued by the General Services Administration (GSA) Office of Information Resources Management, for automated data processing equipment, software and maintenance, communications equipment and supplies, and teleprocessing services, the Contractor shall follow the terms of the applicable contract and the procedures in paragraph (a) of this clause.

(c) When placing orders for Government stock on a reimbursable basis, the Contractor shall--

(1) Comply with the requirements of the Contracting Officer's authorization, using FEDSTRIP or MILSTRIP procedures, as appropriate;

(2) Use only the GSA Form 1948-A, Retail Services Shopping Plate, when ordering from GSA Self-Service Stores;

(3) Order only those items required in the performance of Government contracts; and

(4) Pay invoices from Government supply sources promptly. For purchases made from DoD supply sources, this means within 30 days of the date of a proper invoice (see also Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) 251.105). For purchases made from DoD supply sources, this means within 30 days of the date of a proper invoice. The Contractor shall annotate each invoice with the date of receipt. The Contractor's failure to pay may also result in the DoD supply source refusing to honor the requisition (see DFARS 251.102(f)) or in the Contracting Officer terminating the Contractor's authorization to use DoD supply sources. In the event the Contracting Officer decides to terminate the authorization due to the Contractor's failure to pay in a timely manner, the Contracting Officer shall provide the Contractor with prompt written notice of the intent to terminate the authorization and the basis for such action. The Contractor shall have 10 days after receipt of the Government's notice in which to provide additional information as to why the authorization should not be terminated. The termination shall not provide the Contractor with an excusable delay for failure to perform or complete the contract in accordance with the terms of the contract, and the Contractor shall be solely responsible for any increased costs.

(d) When placing orders for Government stock on a non-reimbursable basis, the Contractor shall—

(1) Comply with the requirements of the Contracting Officer's authorization; and

(2) When using electronic transactions to submit requisitions on a non-reimbursable basis only, place orders by authorizing contract number using the Defense Logistics Management System (DLMS) Supplement to Federal Implementation Convention 511R, Requisition; and acknowledge receipts by authorizing contract number using the DLMS Supplement 527R, Receipt, Inquiry, Response and Material Receipt Acknowledgement.

(e) Only the Contractor may request authorization for subcontractor use of Government supply sources. The Contracting Officer will not grant authorizations for subcontractor use without approval of the Contractor.

(f) Government invoices shall be submitted to the Contractor's billing address, and Contractor payments shall be sent to the Government remittance address specified below:

Contractor's Billing Address [include point of contact and telephone number]:

Government Remittance Address (include point of contact and telephone number):

(End of clause)

*To be determined in each Delivery Order, as applicable.

Section J - List of Documents, Exhibits and Other Attachments

LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

The following document(s), exhibit(s), and other attachment(s) form a part of this solicitation: Exhibits A, B, & C, Contract Data Requirements List, DD Form 1423

The following document(s), exhibit(s), and other attachment(s) also are a part of this solicitation. The Contractor shall adhere to the current versions of all the Attachments below, throughout the length of this MAC contract:

<u>No.</u>	<u>Document</u>
J-1	Desk Guide for Ships' 3-M Parts Usage Reporting dtd 25 May 2016
J-2	MILSTRAP DHA/BHJ Desk Guide for Demand Only Transaction Reporting dtd 12 May 2016
J-3	Current Version of the Naval Sea Logistics Center (NAVSEALOGCEN) Force Revision (FR)*
J-4	LCSRON Compartment Cleaning Instruction (COMLCSRONONEINST 4790.8)
J-5	Tag-Out User Manual/S0400-AD-URM-010/TUM
J-6	Work Authorization Form (WAF)
J-7	PMS Reporting Template
J-8	Standard Work Template (SWT) Facility Maintenance
J-9	Provisioning Requirements Introduction
J-10	Provisioning Statement of Work
J-11	Logistics Mgmt Info Wkshts
J-12A	Compartment Cleaning Schedule LCS Variant 1
J-12B	Compartment Cleaning Schedule LCS Variant 2
J-13	INTERFACE CONTROL DOCUMENT (ICD) FOR THE LITTORAL COMBAT SHIP (LCS) FLIGHT ZERO RECONFIGURABLE MISSION PACKAGES BL_1 2 Rev B Dec 29 2015 Final
J-14	DD 254
J-15	PMS 505 Instructions for Seaframe Mission Critical Systems dtd 3 Dec 2014

Attachments will be provided with Delivery Orders, as applicable.